## (D) Proximity Sensor

Ordering information ————————————————————————————————————	-D-1
Product overview —	-D-2
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(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

#### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)
Panel
meter

(M)
Tacho/
Speed/
Pulse
meter

Pulse meter (N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

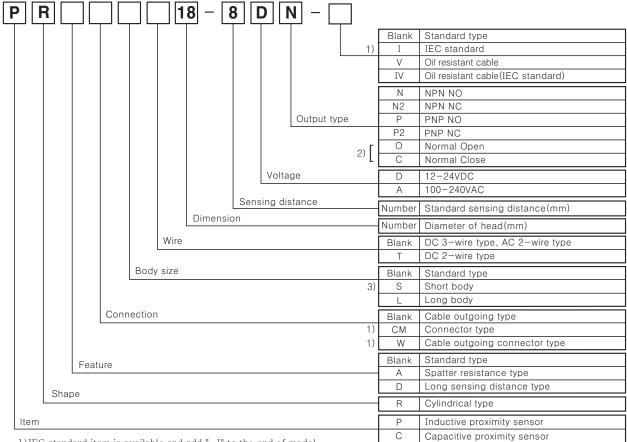
(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## **Ordering Information**

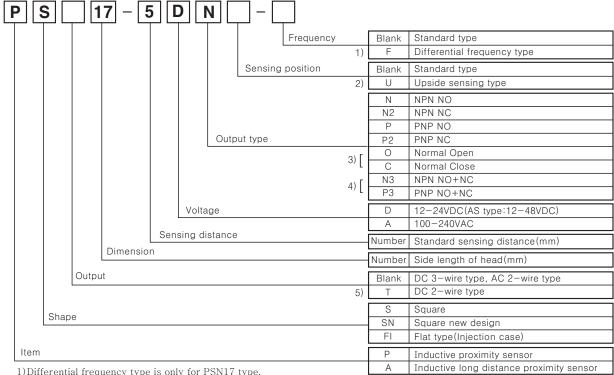
### Ordering information(Cylindrical type)



1) IEC standard item is available and add "-I" to the end of model.

2) Normal Open, Normal Close output are only for DC 2-wire and AC 2-wire type. 3) Short type is only for DC 3-wire of PR12 type.

### Ordering information(Rectangular type)



1) Differential frequency type is only for PSN17 type.

2) Upside sensing type is only for PS12, PSN17 type.

3) Normal Open, Normal Close output are only for DC 2-wire and AC 2-wire type.

4)N3, P3 output is only for AS80 type.

5)DC 2-wire type is only for PSN17 type.

## ■ Long distance cylindrical DC 2-wire type (Power:12-24VDC) Line-up

	-	6: .	Appearance Cla	1				ng distance	Response
Α	ppearance	Standa		1	g type	Model		(mm)	frequency (Hz)
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield	PRDT12-4DO	Shield	Non shield	(FIZ)
	_					PRDT12-4DC	4		450
	Normal					PRDT12-8DO PRDT12-8DC		8	400
	type					PRDLT12-4DO	4		450
M12						PRDLT12-4DC PRDLT12-8DO		8	400
						PRDLT12-8DC			400
	Cable outgoing					PRDWT12-4DO PRDWT12-4DC	4		450
	connector					PRDWT12-8DO		8	400
	type					PRDWT12-8DC			400
						PRDT18-7DO PRDT18-7DC	7		250
		•				PRDT18-14DO		14	200
	Normal			<b>A</b>		PRDT18-14DC		14	200
	type					PRDLT18-7DO PRDLT18-7DC	7		250
						PRDLT18-14DO		14	200
		al Comme				PRDLT18-14DC PRDCMT18-7DO			200
						PRDCMT18-7DC	7		250
						PRDCMT18-14DO		14	200
M18	Connector L		- Carrier	MOTUMUT COM		PRDCMT18-14DC PRDCMLT18-7DO	_		050
	1,750					PRDCMLT18-7DC	7		250
						PRDCMLT18-14DO PRDCMLT18-14DC		14	200
	Cable					PRDWT18-7DO	_		
	outgoing					PRDWT18-7DC	7		250
	connector					PRDWT18-14DO		14	200
	type					PRDWT18-14DC		14	200
	Spatter resistance type					PRDAT18-7DO PRDAT18-7DC	7		250
	Spatter resistance					PRDAWT18-7DO	_		
	cable outgoing connector type					PRDAWT18-7DC	7		250
						PRDT30-15DO	15		100
			A.			PRDT30-15DC	13		100
						PRDT30-25DO PRDT30-25DC		25	100
	Normal type			and Ammin		PRDLT30-15DO			
	type					PRDLT30-15DC	15		100
						PRDLT30-25DO		25	100
						PRDLT30-25DC		25	100
						PRDCMT30-15DO PRDCMT30-15DC	15		100
						PRDCMT30-25DO		05	100
M30	Connector			_		PRDCMT30-25DC		25	100
	type					PRDCMLT30-15DO PRDCMLT30-15DC	15		100
					(K)(())	PRDCMLT30-25DO		25	100
						PRDCMLT30-25DC		23	
	Cable outgoing					PRDWT30-15DO PRDWT30-15DC	15		100
	connector	<b>*</b>				PRDWT30-25DO			
	type					PRDWT30-25DC		25	100
	Spatter		-			PRDAT30-15DO	15		100
	resistance type Spatter resistance					PRDAT30-15DC	13		
	cable outgoing					PRDAWT30-15DO PRDAWT30-15DC	15		100
	connector type	<b>*</b>	e. Please add "-T	1	1.1.6			<u> </u>	

▶IEC standard connector type is available. Please add "-I" to the end of model for an order.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer (L) Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P)
Switching
power
supply
(Q)
Stepping
motor &
Driver &
Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## **■**Cylindrical DC 2-wire type (Power:12-24VDC)

C€

			Appearance (	Classification				ng distance	Response
Ap	pearance	Standar		Lon	ig type	Model		(mm)	frequency
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
	Normal					PRT08-1.5DO PRT08-1.5DC	1.5		1500
M08	type					PRT08-2DO PRT08-2DC		2	1000
IVIU8	Cable outgoing					PRWT08-1.5DO PRWT08-1.5DC	1.5		1500
	connector type					PRWT08-2DO PRWT08-2DC		2	1000
	Normal type -					PRT12-2DO PRT12-2DC	2		1500
	type					PRT12-4DO PRT12-4DC		4	500
	Connector					PRCMT12-2DO PRCMT12-2DC	2		1500
M12	type					PRCMT12-4DO PRCMT12-4DC		4	500
WIIZ	Cable outgoing					PRWT12-2DO PRWT12-2DC	2		1500
	connector type					PRWT12-4DO PRWT12-4DC		4	500
	Spatter resistance type					PRAT12-2DO PRAT12-2DC	2		1500
	Spatter resistance cable outgoing connector type					PRAWT12-2DO PRAWT12-2DC	2		1500
	Normal					PRT18-5DO PRT18-5DC	5		500
	type					PRT18-8DO PRT18-8DC		8	350
	Connector					PRCMT18-5DO PRCMT18-5DC	5		500
	type					PRCMT18-8DO PRCMT18-8DC		8	350
M18	Cable outgoing					PRWT18-5DO PRWT18-5DC	5		500
	connector type					PRWT18-8DO PRWT18-8DC		8	350
	Spatter resistance type					PRAT18-5DO PRAT18-5DC	5		500
	Spatter resistance cable outgoing connector type					PRAWT18-5DO PRAWT18-5DC	5		500
						PRT30-10DO PRT30-10DC	10		400
	Normal type					PRT30-15DO PRT30-15DC		15	200
						PRCMT30-10DO PRCMT30-10DC	10		400
	Connector type					PRCMT30-15DO PRCMT30-15DC		15	200
M30	Cable outgoing					PRWT30-10DO PRWT30-10DC	10		400
	connector type					PRWT30-15DO PRWT30-15DC		15	200
	Spatter resistance type					PRAT30-10DO PRAT30-10DC	10		400
	Spatter resistance cable outgoing connector type					PRAWT30-10DO PRAWT30-10DC	10		400

 $<sup>\</sup>blacktriangleright$  IEC standard connector type is available. Please add "-I" to the end of model for an order.

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# ■Long distance cylindrical DC 3-wire type (Power:12-24VDC) Line-up (€

			Appearance	Classification			Sensi	ng distance	Response
Ар	pearance	Standa	ard type	Long	type	Model		(mm)	frequency
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield	•	Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
						PRD12-4DN PRD12-4DP PRD12-4DN2 PRD12-4DP2	4		500
	Normal					PRD12-8DN PRD12-8DP PRD12-8DN2 PRD12-8DP2		8	400
	type					PRDL12-4DN PRDL12-4DP PRDL12-4DN2 PRDL12-4DP2	4		500
						PRDL12-8DN PRDL12-8DP PRDL12-8DN2 PRDL12-8DP2		8	400
						PRDCM12-4DN PRDCM12-4DP PRDCM12-4DN2 PRDCM12-4DP2	4		500
M12	Connector					PRDCM12-8DN PRDCM12-8DP PRDCM12-8DN2 PRDCM12-8DP2		8	400
	type					PRDCML12-4DN PRDCML12-4DP PRDCML12-4DN2 PRDCML12-4DP2 PRDCML12-8DN	4		500
						PRDCML12-8DP PRDCML12-8DN2 PRDCML12-8DN2 PRDCML12-8DP2 PRDW12-4DN		8	400
						PRDW12-4DN PRDW12-4DP PRDW12-4DN2 PRDW12-4DP2 PRDW12-8DN	4		500
	Cable outgoing					PRDW12-8DP PRDW12-8DN2 PRDW12-8DP2 PRDWL12-4DN		8	400
	type				PRDWL12-4DP PRDWL12-4DN2 PRDWL12-4DP2 PRDWL12-8DN	4		500	
						PRDWL12-8DP PRDWL12-8DN2 PRDWL12-8DP2 PRD18-7DN		8	400
			dh.			PRD18-7DP PRD18-7DN2 PRD18-7DP2 PRD18-14DN	7		300
	Normal					PRD18-14DP PRD18-14DN2 PRD18-14DP2 PRDL18-7DN		14	300 200
	type				A.	PRDL18-7DP PRDL18-7DN2 PRDL18-7DP2 PRDL18-14DN	7		300
						PRDL18-14DP PRDL18-14DN2 PRDL18-14DP2 PRDCM18-7DN		14	200
						PRDCM18-7DP PRDCM18-7DN2 PRDCM18-7DP2 PRDCM18-14DN	7		300
M18	Connector					PRDCM18-14DP PRDCM18-14DN2 PRDCM18-14DP2 PRDCML18-7DN		14	200
	type					PRDCML18-7DN PRDCML18-7DN2 PRDCML18-7DP2 PRDCML18-14DN	7		300
		<u></u>				PRDCML18-14DN PRDCML18-14DN PRDCML18-14DN2 PRDCML18-14DP2 PRDW18-7DN		14	200
						PRDW18-7DN PRDW18-7DP PRDW18-7DN2 PRDW18-7DP2 PRDW18-14DN	7		300
	Cable outgoing					PRDW18-14DP PRDW18-14DN2 PRDW18-14DP2		14	200
	connector type					PRDWL18-7DN PRDWL18-7DP PRDWL18-7DN2 PRDWL18-7DP2	7		300
						PRDWL18-14DN PRDWL18-14DP PRDWL18-14DN2 PRDWL18-14DP2		14	200

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

#### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer (L) Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P)
Switching
power
supply
(Q)
Stepping
motor &
Driver &
Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# ■Long distance cylindrical DC 3-wire type (Power:12-24VDC) Line-up (€

				01 10 11		T			
				Classification			Sensi	ng distance	Response
Ар	pearance	Standa	ard type	Long	g type	Model		(mm)	frequency
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
						PRD30-15DN PRD30-15DP PRD30-15DN2 PRD30-15DP2	15		100
	Normal	Normal			PRD30-25DN PRD30-25DP PRD30-25DN2 PRD30-25DP2		25	100	
	type					PRDL30-15DN PRDL30-15DP PRDL30-15DN2 PRDL30-15DP2	15		100
						PRDL30-25DN PRDL30-25DP PRDL30-25DN2 PRDL30-25DP2		25	100
						PRDCM30-15DN PRDCM30-15DP PRDCM30-15DN2 PRDCM30-15DP2	15		100
M30	Connector					PRDCM30-25DN PRDCM30-25DP PRDCM30-25DN2 PRDCM30-25DP2		25	100
Wioo	type					PRDCML30-15DN PRDCML30-15DP PRDCML30-15DN2 PRDCML30-15DP2	15		100
						PRDCML30-25DN PRDCML30-25DP PRDCML30-25DN2 PRDCML30-25DP2		25	100
						PRDW30-15DN PRDW30-15DP PRDW30-15DN2 PRDW30-15DP2	15		100
	Cable outgoing					PRDW30-25DN PRDW30-25DP PRDW30-25DN2 PRDW30-25DP2		25	100
	connector type					PRDWL30-15DN PRDWL30-15DP PRDWL30-15DN2 PRDWL30-15DP2	15		100
						PRDWL30-25DN PRDWL30-25DP PRDWL30-25DN2 PRDWL30-25DP2		25	100

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## ■Cylindrical DC 3-wire type (Power:12-24VDC)

			Appearance (	Classification			Sensi	ng distance	Response
Ap	pearance	Standa	rd type	Long	type	Model		(mm)	frequency
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
						PR08-1.5DN PR08-1.5DP PR08-1.5DN2 ** PR08-1.5DP2 **	1.5		1500
	Normal					PR08-2DN PR08-2DP PR08-2DN2 ** PR08-2DP2 **		2	1000
	type					PRL08-1.5DN PRL08-1.5DP PRL08-1.5DN2 ** PRL08-1.5DP2 **	1.5		1500
M08						PRL08-2DN PRL08-2DP PRL08-2DN2 ** PRL08-2DP2 **		2	1000
						PRW08-1.5DN PRW08-1.5DP PRW08-1.5DN2 ** PRW08-1.5DP2 **	1.5		1500
	Cable outgoing					PRW08-2DN PRW08-2DP PRW08-2DN2 ** PRW08-2DP2 **		2	1000
	connector type					PRWL08-1.5DN PRWL08-1.5DP PRWL08-1.5DN2 ** PRWL08-1.5DP2 **	1.5		1500
						PRWL08-2DN PRWL08-2DP PRWL08-2DN2 ** PRWL08-2DP2 **		2	1000
		Short 35.5mm				PRS12-2DN PRS12-2DP PRS12-2DN2 ** PRS12-2DP2 **	2		1500
			Short 35.5mm			PRS12-4DN PRS12-4DP PRS12-4DN2 ** PRS12-4DP2 **		4	500
	Normal type					PR12-2DN PR12-2DP PR12-2DN2 ** PR12-2DP2 **	2		1500
						PR12-4DN PR12-4DP PR12-4DN2 ** PR12-4DP2 **		4	500
M12						PRL12-4DN PRL12-4DP		4	500
2	Connector					PRCM12-2DN PRCM12-2DP PRCM12-2DN2 ** PRCM12-2DP2 **	2		1500
	type					PRCM12-4DN PRCM12-4DP PRCM12-4DN2 ** PRCM12-4DP2 **		4	500
	Cable outgoing					PRW12-2DN PRW12-2DP PRW12-2DN2 ** PRW12-2DP2 **	2		1500
	connector type					PRW12-4DN PRW12-4DP PRW12-4DN2 ** PRW12-4DP2 **		4	500
	Spatter resistance type					PRA12-2DN PRA12-2DP PRA12-2DN2 ** PRA12-2DP2 **	2		1500
						PR18-5DN PR18-5DP PR18-5DN2 ** PR18-5DP2 **	5		500
	Normal					PR18-8DN PR18-8DP PR18-8DN2 ** PR18-8DP2 **		8	350
M18	type					PRL18-5DN PRL18-5DP PRL18-5DN2 ** PRL18-5DP2 **	5		500
						PRL18-8DP PRL18-8DN2 ** PRL18-8DP2 ** PRCM18-5DN		8	350
	Connector					PRCM18-5DP PRCM18-5DN2 ** PRCM18-5DP2 ** PRCM18-8DN	5		500
	type					PRCM18-8DP PRCM18-8DN2 * PRCM18-8DP2 *		8	350

<sup>▶&</sup>quot;\*" mark can be customized.

Autonics D-6

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer (L) Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P)
Switching
power
supply
(Q)
Stepping
motor &
Driver &
Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## **■**Cylindrical DC 3-wire type (Power:12-24VDC)

(€

						7.7			
			Appearance	Classification			Sensi	ng distance	
Apı	pearance	Standa		Long		Model		(mm)	frequenc
		Shield	Non Shield	Shield	Non Shield	DDOM 40 FDN	Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
	Connector					PRCML18-5DN PRCML18-5DP PRCML18-5DN2 ** PRCML18-5DP2 **	5		500
	type					PRCML18-8DN PRCML18-8DP PRCML18-8DN2 ** PRCML18-8DP2 **		8	350
						PRW18-5DN PRW18-5DP PRW18-5DN2 ** PRW18-5DP2 **	5		500
M18	Cable outgoing					PRW18-8DN PRW18-8DP PRW18-8DN2 ** PRW18-8DP2 **		8	350
	connector type		PRWL18-5DP PRWL18-5DN2 ** PRWL18-5DP2 ** PRWL18-8DN	PRWL18-5DN2 ** PRWL18-5DP2 **	5		500		
	Spatter resistance					PRWL18-8DP PRWL18-8DN2 ** PRWL18-8DP2 **		8	350
						PRA18-5DN PRA18-5DP PRA18-5DN2 ** PRA18-5DP2 **	5		500
						PR30-10DN PR30-10DP PR30-10DN2 ** PR30-10DP2 **	10		400
	Normal					PR30-15DN PR30-15DP PR30-15DN2 ** PR30-15DP2 **		15	200
	type					PRL30-10DN PRL30-10DP PRL30-10DN2 ** PRL30-10DP2 **			400
						PRL30-15DN PRL30-15DP PRL30-15DN2 ** PRL30-15DP2 **		15	200
						PRCM30-10DN PRCM30-10DP PRCM30-10DN2 ** PRCM30-10DP2 **	10		400
Man	Connector					PRCM30-15DN PRCM30-15DP PRCM30-15DN2 ** PRCM30-15DP2 **		15	200
M30	type					PRCML30-10DN PRCML30-10DP PRCML30-10DN2 ** PRCML30-10DP2 **	10		400
						PRCML30-15DN PRCML30-15DP PRCML30-15DN2 ** PRCML30-15DP2 **		15	200
						PRW30-10DN PRW30-10DP PRW30-10DN2 ** PRW30-10DP2 **	10		400
	Cable outgoing					PRW30-15DN PRW30-15DP PRW30-15DN2 ** PRW30-15DP2 **		15	200
	connector					PRWL30-10DN PRWL30-10DP PRWL30-10DN2 ** PRWL30-10DP2 **	10		400
						PRWL30-15DN PRWL30-15DP PRWL30-15DN2 ** PRWL30-15DP2 **		15	200
	Spatter resistance type					PRA30-10DN PRA30-10DP PRA30-10DN2 ** PRA30-10DP2 **	10		400

<sup>▶&</sup>quot;\*" mark can be customized.

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#### **■**Cylindrical AC 2-wire type(Power:100-240VAC) $\epsilon$

			Appearance	Classification			Sensir	ng distance	Response
Ар	pearance	Standa	ard type	Long	type	Model		(mm)	frequency
		Shield	Non shield	Shield	Non shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
						PR12-2A0	2		
	Normal type					PR12-2AC PR12-4AO			
	type					PR12-4AC	1	4	
						PRCM12-2AO	2		
	Connector					PRCM12-2AC			
	type					PRCM12-4AO PRCM12-4AC	-	4	
M12	Cable					PRW12-2AO			
	outgoing					PRW12-2AC	2		
	connector					PRW12-4A0		4	
	type					PRW12-4AC		7	
	Spatter resistance					PRA12-2A0	2		
	type					PRA12-2AC			
						PR18-5AO	- 5		
						PR18-5AC	5		
	,					PR18-8AO	-	8	
	Normal type					PR18-8AC PRL18-5AO			
	type					PRL18-5AC	5		
						PRL18-8AO		8	
						PRL18-8AC			
						PRCM18-5AO PRCM18-5AC	5		
			(Ottorion)			PRCM18-8AO			
	Connector					PRCM18-8AC		8	
M18	type					PRCML18-5AO	5		
	-					PRCML18-5AC PRCML18-8AO			
						PRCML18-8AC	1	8 8 8 8 8	
						PRW18-5AO	- 5		8 8 8 8 20
	l  -					PRW18-5AC			
	Cable outgoing					PRW18-8AO PRW18-8AC	1	8	
	connector					PRWL18-5AO	- 5		
	type					PRWL18-5AC	,		
						PRWL18-8AO PRWL18-8AC	-	8	
	Spatter					PRA18-5AO			
	resistance						5		
	type					PRA18-5AC			
						PR30-10AO PR30-10AC	10		
						PR30-15AO		45	
	Normal					PR30-15AC	1	15	
	type					PRL30-10AO	10		
						PRL30-10AC	-		
						PRL30-15AO PRL30-15AC	-	15	
		1000 Can				PRCM30-10AO	40		
						PRCM30-10AC	10		
	[					PRCM30-15AO		15	
	Connector					PRCM30-15AC		10	
M30	type					PRCML30-10AO PRCML30-10AC	10		
					(10)7((((10)0))	PRCML30-15AO			
						PRCML30-15AC	<u></u>	15	
1						PRW30-10AO	10		
1	_				-	PRW30-10AC			
1	Cable outgoing					PRW30-15AO PRW30-15AC	1	15	
	connector		4	Am Damman		PRWL30-10AO			
	type					PRWL30-10AC	10		
						PRWL30-15AO		15	
1				1		PRWL30-15AC		10	
1	Spatter resistance					PRA30-10AO	10		
1	type					PRA30-10AC	10		
	.,,		L	L.	1	1			

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

## (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L) Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel (S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

### ■ Square DC 2-wire type(Power:12-24VDC)

		Appearance Classific	cation	Model	Sensing distance	Response
Classif	ication	Standard type(Front sensing)	Upside sensing	Model	(mm)	frequency (Hz)
		(Front		PSNT17-5DO		
17	Normal	sensing type)		PSNT17-5DC	_	F00
Square	type		(Upside	PSNT17-5DOU *	5	500
			sensing type)	PSNT17-5DCU *		

<sup>▶&</sup>quot;\*" mark can be customized.

### ■ Square DC 3-wire type(Power:12-24VDC)

 $\epsilon$ 

		Appearance Classifica	tion		Sensing	Response
		Standard type(Front sensing)	Upside sensing	Model	distance (mm)	frequency (Hz)
		(Front		PS12-4DN		
		sensing D		PS12-4DP		
12	Normal	type)		PS12-4DN2	4	500
Square	type		(Upside —	PS12-4DNU	7	300
Oquare			sensing type)	PS12-4DPU		
			<b>(b)</b>	PS12-4DN2U **		
				PSN17-5DN		
				PSN17-5DP		
				PSN17-5DN2 **	5	700
				PSN17-5DP2 **		
				PSN17-5DN-F		
				PSN17-8DN		
				PSN17-8DP		
		(Front sensing type)		PSN17-8DN2		
				PSN17-8DN-F	8	200
17	Normal			PSN17-8DP-F		
Square	type			PSN17-8DN2-F		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			PSN 17-5DNU *		
				PSN17-5DPU *	5	700
				PSN17-5DN2U *		
			(Upside sensing type)	PSN17-8DNU *		
				PSN17-8DPU *		
				PSN17-8DN2U *		
				PSN17-8DNU-F	8	200
				PSN17-8DPU-F		
				PSN17-8DN2U-F		
				PSN25-5DN		
	Normal			PSN25-5DP		
	type			PSN25-5DN2 *	5	300
25	.,,,,,			PSN25-5DP2 *		
Square				PFI25-8DN		
oquaio				PFI25-8DP		
	Flat type			PFI25-8DN2 *	8	200
				PFI25-8DP2 *		
				PSN30-10DN		
				PSN30-10DP		
		_		PSN30-10DN2 *	10	250
30	Normal			PSN30-10DP2 *		
Square	type			PSN30-15DN		
				PSN30-15DP	15	200
				PSN30-15DN2 *	13	200
				PSN30-15DP2 *		
				PSN40-20DN		
40	Normal			PSN40-20DP	20	100
Square	type			PSN40-20DN2 *	20	.00
				PSN40-20DP2 **		
			A	PS50-30DN		
50	Normal		J. S. O. W.	PS50-30DP	00	
Square	type			PS50-30DN2 *	30	50
Square						

<sup>▶&</sup>quot;\*" mark can be customized.

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### ■Rectangular DC 4-wire type(Power:12-48VDC)

		Appearance Classifi	cation	Model	Sensing distance	Response frequency
Classif	ication	Standard type(Front sensing)	Upside sensing	Model	(mm)	(Hz)
80	Normal		Long distance type	AS80-50DN3	50	100
Square	type			AS80-50DP3		100

## ■Rectangular AC 2-wire type(Power:100-240VAC)

		Appearance Class	ification		Sensing	Response
Classif	ication	Standard type(Front sensing)	Upside sensing	Model	distance (mm)	frequency (Hz)
	Normal			PSN25-5AO	5	
25	type			PSN25-5AC	3	
Square	Flat		Flat Type	PFI25-8AO	8	-
	type			PFI25-8AC	•	
				PSN30-10AO	10	20
30	Normal			PSN30-10AC	10	
Square	type			PSN30-15AO	45	1
				PSN30-15AC	15	
40	Normal			PSN40-20AO	20	
Square	type			PSN40-20AC	20	

### ■ Capacitive cylindrical DC 3-wire type(Power:12-24VDC)

Classification		Appearance Classification				Sensin	g distance (mm)	Response	
		Standard type		Long type		Model		·	frequency
		Shield	Non shield	Shield	Non shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
						CR18-8DN			
M18	Normal type					CR18-8DP	8		
	type					CR18-8DN2 *			50
						CR30-15DN			50
M30	Normal type					CR30-15DP		15	
	.,,,,					CR30-15DN2 *			

<sup>▶&</sup>quot;※" mark can be customized.

## ■Capacitive cylindrical AC 2-wire type(Power:100-240VAC)

Classification		Standa	Appearance ( rd type		g type	Model	Sensir	ng distance (mm)	Response frequency
		Shield	Non shield	Shield	Non shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
M18	Normal					CR18-8AO	. 8		
101	type					CR18-8AC			00
M30	Normal					CR30-15AO		15	20
type						CR30-15AC		15	

#### **■**Transmission coupler

		Appearance Classification					Sensin	g distance	Response
Classification		Standard type		Long type		Model	(mm)		frequency
		Shield	Non shield	Shield	Non shield		Shield	Non shield	(Hz)
M18	Normal					PET18-5	5		

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp.

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse

Pulse meter (N) Display

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel (S) Field

network device (T) Production stoppage models & replacement

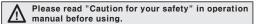
### Long distance proximity sensor

#### ■ Features

#### Long sensing distance

## (1.5 to 2 times longer sensing distance guaranteed compared to existing models)

- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection, reverse polarity protection, overload & short protection circuit
- •Long life cycle and high reliability
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches
- •Improved cable strain relief: More reliable flexural strength of sensor/cable connecting part







#### Specifications

### ●DC 2-wire type

Model	PRDWT12-4DC-IV	PRDWT12-8DC-IV	PRDWT18-7DC-IV PRDWLT18-7DC-IV PRDWLT18-7DC-IV	PRDWLT18-14DC-IV	PRDWT30-15DC-I PRDWT30-15DO-IV PRDWT30-15DC-IV	PRDT30-25DO PRDT30-25DC-V PRDT30-25DC-V PRDLT30-25DC-V PRDLT30-25DC-V PRDLT30-25DC-V PRDWT30-25DC-V PRDWT30-25DC-V PRDWT30-25DC-I PRDWT30-25DC-I PRDWT30-25DC-I PRDWT30-25DC-I			
Sensing distance	4mm ±10%								
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of se		I				
Standard sensing target	12×12×1mm (Iron)	25×25×1mm (Iron)	20×20×1mm (Iron)	40×40×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)	75×75×1mm (Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 9.8mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 17.5mm			
Power supply (Operating voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)							
Leakage current			Max. (	).6mA					
Response frequency (*1)	450Hz	400Hz	250Hz	200Hz	100	OHz			
Residual voltage			Max.	3.5V					
Affection by Temp.	With	$\sin \pm 10\%$ max. of s	sensing distance at	20℃ in temperatur	e range of -25 to 7	0℃			
Control output			2 to 1	00mA					
Insulation resistance			Min. 50MΩ (at 5	00VDC megger)					
Dielectric strength			1500VAC 50/60	OHz for 1minute					
Vibration	1 mr				directions for 2 ho	urs			
Shock		500	$m/s^2$ (50G) X, Y, 2	Z directions for 3 times	nes				
Indicator			Output operationing	ndicator (Red LED)					
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70°C (non-	freezing condition)					
Storage temperature			-30 to 80°C (non-	freezing condition)					
Ambient humidity			35 to 95%RH(at	non-dew status)					
Protection circuit		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ad & Short protecti				
Material		Case/Nut: Nickel plated Brass, Washer: Nickel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chloride(PVC)							
Approval			C						
Protection				C Standard)					
Unit weight	PRDLT:Approx. 94g	PRDLT: Approx. 92g	PRDT:Approx. 115g PRDLT:Approx. 145g PRDWT:Approx. 80g	PRDLT: Approx. 140g	PRDLT: Approx. 215g	PRDT:Approx. 180g PRDLT:Approx. 220g PRDWT:Approx. 145g			

<sup>\*\*(\*1)</sup>The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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## **Long Distance Type**

### ■ Specifications

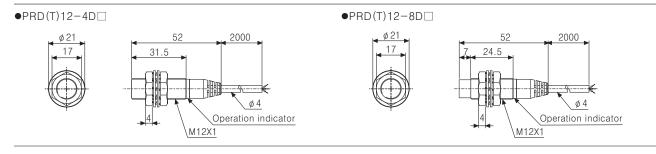
### ●DC 3-wire type

Model	PRDW12-4DP-V PRDWL12-4DN PRDWL12-4DP PRDWL12-4DN2	PRDW12-8DP-V PRDWL12-8DN PRDWL12-8DP PRDWL12-8DN2	PRDW18-7DP-V PRDWL18-7DN PRDWL18-7DP PRDWL18-7DN2	PRD18-14DN PRD18-14DP PRD18-14DN2 PRD18-14DN2 PRDL18-14DN PRDL18-14DP PRDL18-14DN2 PRDL18-14DN2 PRDW18-14DN2 PRDW18-14DP2 PRDW18-14DN2 PRDW18-14DN2 PRDW18-14DP2 PRDW18-14DPV PRDW18-14DPV PRDW18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV PRDWL18-14DNV	PRDW30-15DP-V PRDWL30-15DN PRDWL30-15DP PRDWL30-15DN2	PRDW30-25DP-V PRDWL30-25DN PRDWL30-25DP PRDWL30-25DN2			
Sensing distance	4mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	7mm ±10%	14mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	25mm ±10%			
Hysteresis				sensing distance					
Standard sensing target	12×12×1mm (Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	20×20×1mm (Iron)	40×40×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)	75×75×1mm (Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 9.8mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 17.5mm			
Power supply (Operating voltage)			12-24VDC (10-30VDC)						
Current consumption			Max	. 10mA					
Response frequency(*1)	500Hz	400Hz	300Hz	200Hz	100Hz	100Hz			
Residual voltage				x. 1.5V					
Affection by Temp.	W	ithin ±10% max.	of sensing distance	e at 20℃ in tempera	ture range of -25 t	o 70℃			
Control output			20	00mA					
Insulation resistance			Min. 50MΩ (at	500VDC megger)					
Dielectric strength			1500VAC 50,	/60Hz for 1minute					
Vibration	1		<u> </u>	55Hz in each of X, Y	<u> </u>	hours			
Shock		50		, Z directions for 3					
Indicator				indicator (Red LED					
Ambient temperature				-freezing condition					
Storage temperature				-freezing condition	)				
Ambient humidity				95%RH					
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit								
Protection	IP67 (IEC Standard)								
Material		Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chloride(PVC)							
Approval				CE					
Unit weight	PRDL:Approx. 94g PRDW:Approx. 44g	PRDW:Approx. 42g	PRDW:Approx. 80g		PRDW:Approx. 140g	PRD:Approx. 180g PRDL:Approx. 220g PRDW:Approx. 145g PRDWL:Approx. 185g			

**\*\*(\*1)** The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

#### Dimensions

(Unit:mm)



(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(L) Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

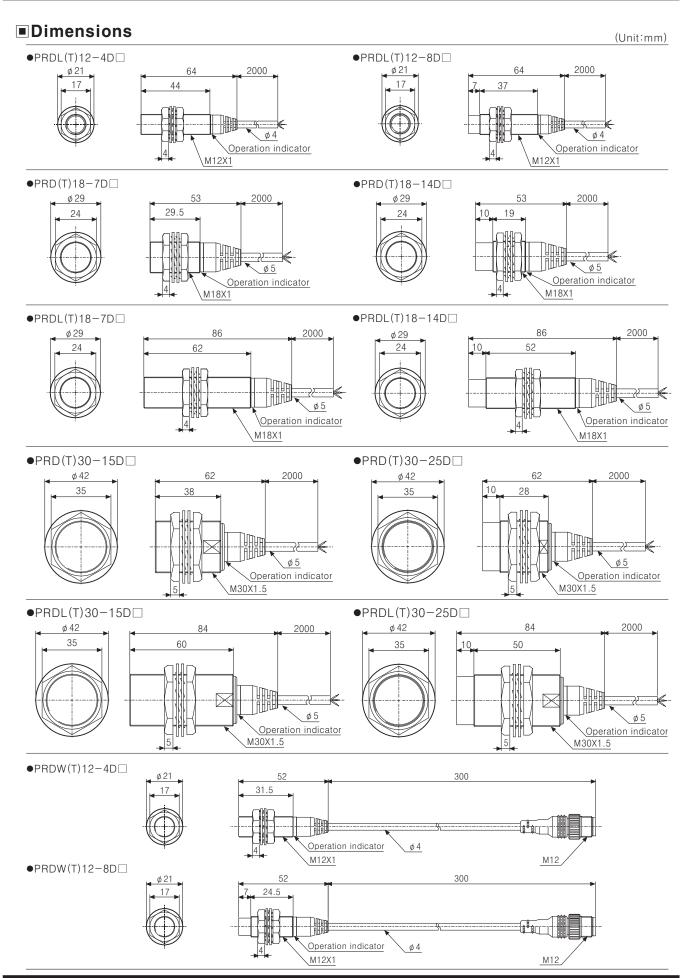
(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

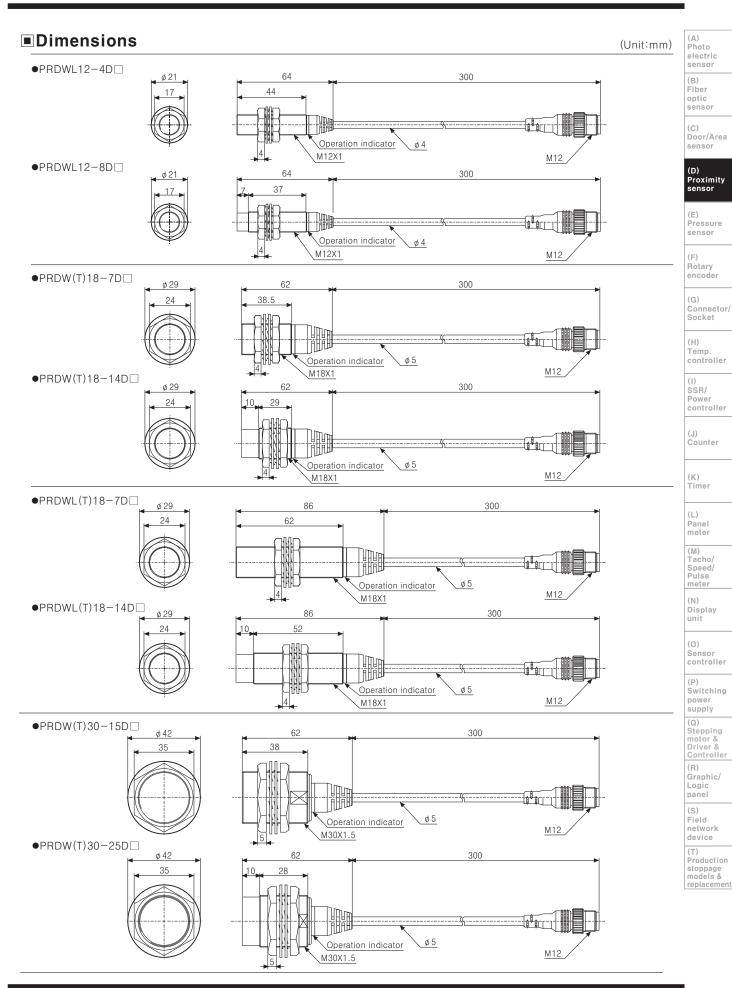
(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## PRD/PRDW Series



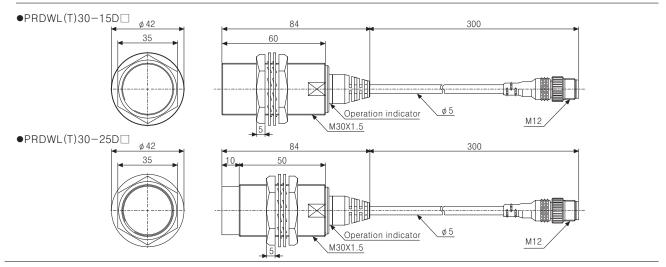
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## **Long Distance Type**



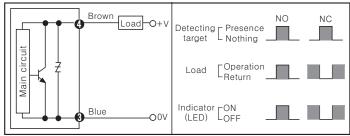
## **PRD/PRDW Series**

■ Dimensions (Unit:mm)



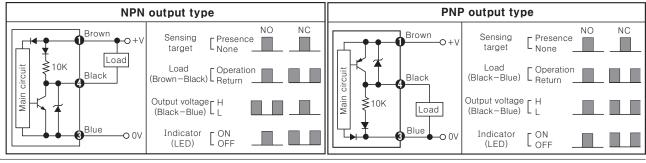
#### **■**Control output diagram

#### ○DC 2-wire type



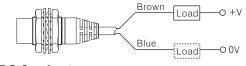
\*The number in a circle is pin no. of connector.

#### ○DC 3-wire type

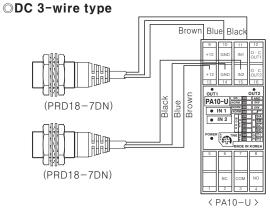


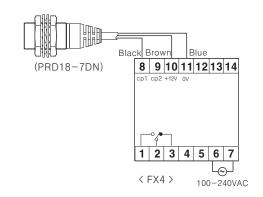
#### Connections

#### ○DC 2-wire type



\*The load can be connected to either wire.



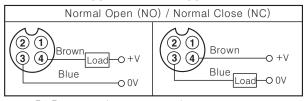


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## **Long Distance Type**

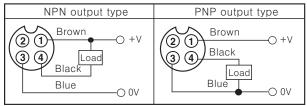
#### Wiring diagram

#### ODC 2-wire type(Standard type)



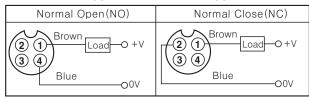
- \*Pin ①, ② are N.C (Not Connected) terminals.
- \*For DC 3-wire type connector cable, it is available to use with black wire (12-24VDC) and blue wire (0V).

#### ○DC 3-wire type



- \*Please fasten the cleat of connector not to shown the thread.  $(0.39 \text{ to } 0.49 \text{N} \cdot \text{m})$
- \*Please fasten the vibration part with Teflon tape.
- specifications.

#### ODC 2-wire type(IEC standard type)



- \*The pin arrangement of connector applying IEC standard is being developed.
- ₱ Please attach "I" at the end of the name of standard type for purchasing the IEC standard product. Ex)PRDWT12-4DO-I
- \*The connector cable for IEC standard is being developed. Please attach "I' at the end of the name of standard type. Ex)CID2-2-I, CLD2-5-I

### Photo electric sensor

(B) optic sensor

Door/Area sensor

#### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp.

(I) SSR/ controller

(J) Counter

Timer

(L)

meter Tacho Speed/ Pulse

meter (N) Display unit

(0) Sensor controller

Switching supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle

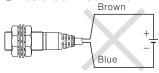
Logic panel (S) Field network

Graphic/

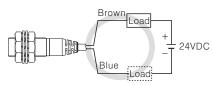
device Production stoppage models & replacement

### Proper usage

#### OLoad connections



< DC 2−wire type >



< DC 2-wire type >

Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return

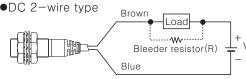
either wire.

When using DC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected

otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to

Parallel B

OIn case of the load current is small ●DC 2-wire type



current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel.

\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.  $R = \frac{V_S}{Io-Ioff} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$ 

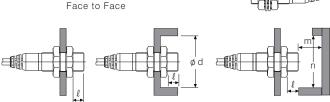
-Vs: Power supply, Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor Ioff: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt

#### @Mutual-interference

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.

#### OInfluence by surrounding metals

When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(Unit:mm)

_							
					PRD□(T)18-14D□		
Item		PRDW□(T)12-4D□	PRDW□(T)12-8D□	PRDW□(T)18-7D□	PRDW□(T)18-14D□	PRDW□(T)30-15D□	PRDW□(T)30-25D□
	А	24	48	42	84	90	150
	В	24	36	36	54	60	90
	l	0	11	0	14	0	15
(	ø d	12	36	18	54	30	90
	m	12	24	21	42	45	75
	n	18	36	27	54	45	90

## Long distance connector type proximity sensor

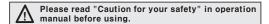
#### ■ Features

#### NEW

#### Long sensing distance

## (1.5 to 2 times longer sensing distance guaranteed compared to existing models)

- •Shorten the time of maintenance
- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection, reverse polarity protection, overload & short protection circuit
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches





### ■ Specifications

## ◆DC 2-wire type

Model	PRDCMT18-7DO PRDCMT18-7DC PRDCMT18-7DO-I PRDCMT18-7DC-I PRDCMLT18-7DO PRDCMLT18-7DC PRDCMLT18-7DC-I PRDCMLT18-7DC-I	PRDCMT18-14DO PRDCMT18-14DC PRDCMT18-14DO-I PRDCMT18-14DC-I PRDCMLT18-14DO PRDCMLT18-14DC PRDCMLT18-14DO-I PRDCMLT18-14DO-I	PRDCMT30-15DO PRDCMT30-15DC PRDCMT30-15DO-I PRDCMT30-15DC-I PRDCMLT30-15DO PRDCMLT30-15DC PRDCMLT30-15DO-I PRDCMLT30-15DO-I	PRDCMT30-25DO PRDCMT30-25DC PRDCMT30-25DO-I PRDCMT30-25DC-I PRDCMLT30-25DO PRDCMLT30-25DC PRDCMLT30-25DC-I PRDCMLT30-25DC-I				
Sensing distance	7mm ±10%	14mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	25mm ±10%				
Hysteresis		Max. 10% of se	ensing distance					
Standard sensing target	$20 \times 20 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	40×40×1mm (Iron)	$45 \times 45 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	75×75×1mm (Iron)				
Setting distance	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 9.8mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 17.5mm				
Power supply (Operating voltage)			4VDC 0VDC)					
Leakage current		Max.	0.6mA					
Response frequency (*1)	250Hz	200Hz		OHz				
Residual voltage		Max.	3.5V					
Affection by Temp.	Within ±10%		20℃ in temperature range of	of −25 to 70°C				
Control output		2 to 1						
Insulation resistance		Min. 50MΩ (at 5	00 '					
Dielectric strength		1500VAC 50/60						
Vibration	1mm amplitud	1 0	Iz in each of X, Y, Z direction	ns for 2 hours				
Shock			Z directions for 3 times					
Indicator		Output operation in						
Ambient temperature		-25 to 70°C (non-						
Storage temperature		-30 to 80°C (non-	0					
Ambient humidity		35 to 95%RH(at						
Protection circuit	3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1							
Protection	ii o' (iii o otaliaala)							
Material	Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS							
Approval			€					
Unit weight	PRDCMT : A PRDCMLT :	Approx. 49g Approx. 73g	PRDCMT : A PRDCMLT : .	pprox. 134g Approx. 169g				
w ( . 4 \m)				. 1.1				

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup>The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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## **Long Distance Connector Type**

### ■ Specifications

### ●DC 3-wire type

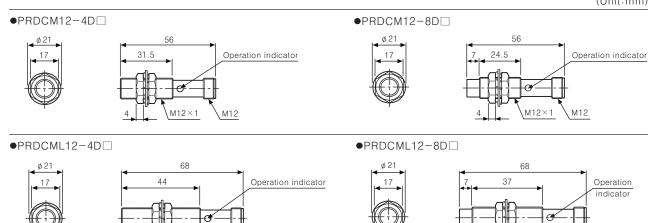
Model		PRDCM12-8DN PRDCM12-8DP PRDCM12-8DN2 PRDCM12-8DP2 PRDCML12-8DN PRDCML12-8DP PRDCML12-8DP2 PRDCML12-8DN2 PRDCML12-8DP2			PRDCM30-15DN PRDCM30-15DP PRDCM30-15DN2 PRDCM30-15DP2 PRDCML30-15DN PRDCML30-15DP PRDCML30-15DN2 PRDCML30-15DN2	PRDCM30-25DN PRDCM30-25DP PRDCM30-25DN2 PRDCM30-25DP2 PRDCML30-25DN PRDCML30-25DP PRDCML30-25DN2 PRDCML30-25DN2			
Detecting distance	4mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	7mm ±10%	14mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	25mm ±10%			
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of d∈	tecting distance					
Standard detecting target	12×12×1mm (Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	20×20×1mm (Iron)	40×40×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)	75×75×1mm (Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 4.9mm	0 to 9.8mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 17.5mm			
Power supply (Operating voltage)			(10-3	24VDC 30VDC)					
Current consumption		Max. 10mA							
Response frequency(*1)	500Hz 400Hz 300Hz 200Hz 100H				)Hz				
Residual voltage			Max.	. 1.5V					
Affection by Temp.	±10	% max. of detecting		*	e range of -25 to 7	70℃			
Control output				200mA					
Insulation resistance				500VDC megger)					
Dielectric strength				OHz for 1minute					
Vibration	1mm		•		Z directions for 2 ho	ours			
Shock				Z directions for 3 ti					
Indicator				ndicator (Red LED)					
Ambient temperature				freezing condition)					
Storage temperature				freezing condition)					
Ambient humidity	0 1	.: : : D		95%RH	1.0.01				
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit								
Protection	C/NT ++1	IP67 (IEC specification)							
Material	Case/Nut:	Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat−resistant ABS <b>(€</b>							
Approval									
Weight		RDCM: Approx. 2 DCML: Approx. 3			RDCM: Approx. 49 DCML: Approx. 73				

**<sup>※(★1)</sup>** The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

#### Dimensions

(Unit:mm)

M12



M12

electric sensor (B)

Fiber sensor

(A) Photo

Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

Pressure sensor

Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp.

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle (R)

Graphic/ Logic panel (S)

Field network device

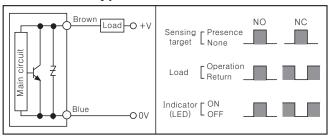
(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## **PRDCM Series**

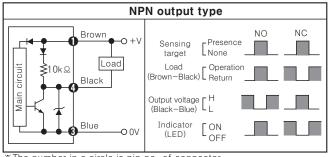
#### Dimensions (Unit:mm) ●PRDCM(T)18-14D□ ●PRDCM(T)18-7D□ 29.5 Operation indicator 19 Operation indicator M18×1 M12 M12 ●PRDCML(T)18-7D□ ●PRDCML(T)18-14D□ ø 29 62.5 Operation 52 Operation 24 indicator indicator M18×1 M12 4 M18×1 M12 ●PRDCM(T)30-15D□ ●PRDCM(T)30-25D□ ø 42 ø 42 38 35 35 28 Operation indicator Operation indicator M30×1.5 M12 M30×1.5 M12 ●PRDCML(T)30-15D□ ●PRDCML(T)30-25D□ 86 86 Operation 35 60 Operation indicator indicator \ M30×1.5 M12 M12

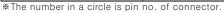
### **■**Control output diagram

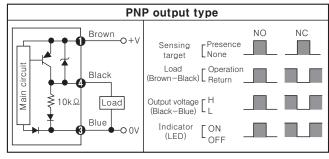
#### ○DC 2-wire type



#### **ODC 3-wire type**





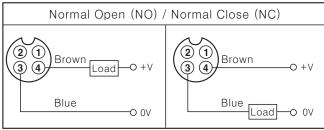


D-19 Autonics

## **Long Distance Connector Type**

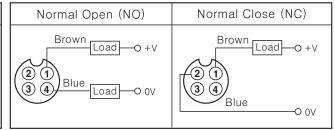
#### Wiring diagram

#### ODC 2-wire type(Standard type)



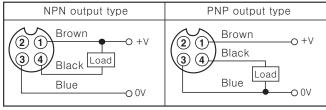
- \*\*Pin ①, ② are N.C (Not Connected) terminals.
- \*For DC 3-wire type connector cable, it is available to use with black wire(12-24VDC) and blue wire(0V).

#### DC 2-wire type(IEC standard type)



- \*\*The pin arrangement of connector applying IEC standard is being developed.
- \*\*Please attach "I" at the end of the name of standard type for purchasing the IEC standard product. Ex)PRDCMT12-4D0-I
- \*\*The connector cable for IEC standard is being developed.
  Please attach "I' at the end of the name of standard type.
  Ex)CID2-2-I, CLD2-5-I

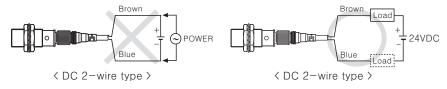
#### ○DC 3-wire



- \*\*Please fasten the cleat of connector not to shown the thread.  $(0.39 \text{ to } 0.49 \text{N} \cdot \text{m})$
- Please fasten the vibration part with Teflon tape.
- ★See G-2 about IEC standard connector wires and specifications.

### Proper usage

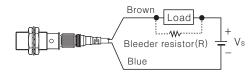
#### OLoad connections



When using DC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

#### OIn case of the load current is small

#### ●DC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage. If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R = \frac{V_S}{I} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

[ I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]

Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel. \*\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

$$R = \frac{V_S}{I_O - Ioff} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ Vs: Power supply, Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor \\ Ioff: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt \end{tabular}$ 

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic

> (C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

> (J) Counter

(K) Timer

Panel

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse

(N) Display unit

meter

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

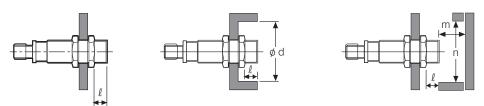
## **PRDCM Series**

#### 

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.



When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



Model PRDCM12-4D PRDCM12-8D□ PRDCM(T)18-7D□ PRDCM(T)18-14D□ PRDCMT30-15D□ PRDCMT30-25D□ PRDCML12-8D□ PRDCML(T)18-14D□|PRDCMLT30-15D□ Item PRDCML12-4D□ PRDCML(T)18-7D□ PRDCMLT30-25D□ Α В l ød m n 

(Unit:mm)

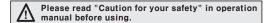
D-21 Autonics

## PR Series Cylindrical Type Proximity Sensor

## Cylindrical type proximity sensor

#### ■ Features

- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit (DC 2-wire, 3-wire type)
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- •Long life cycle and high reliability, and simple operation
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches







(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

> (C) Door/Area sensor

#### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(L)

meter
(M)
Tacho/

Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

### ■ Specifications

### ●DC 2-wire type

Model				PRT12-4DO PRT12-4DC						
Sensing distance	1.5mm ±10%	2mm ±10%	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%		
Hysteresis			N	Max. 10% of se	ensing distanc	е				
Standard sensing target	8×8×1n	nm(Iron)	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm (Iron)	25×25×1mm (Iron)	30×30×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 1.05mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 1.4mm		0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm			
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)								
Leakage current				Max. (	).6mA					
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	.5kHz 1kHz 1.5kHz 500Hz 350Hz 400Hz 200Hz								
Residual voltage		Max. 3.5V								
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\%$ (For PRT08 series : $\pm 20\%$ Max.)									
Control output		2 to 100mA								
Insulation resistance			Mi	in. 50MΩ (at 5	00VDC megge	er)				
Dielectric strength			1	500VAC 50/60	Hz for 1minu	te				
Vibration		1mm amplitud	e at frequency	y of 10 to 55H	z in each of X	, Y, Z directio	ns for 2 hours	S		
Shock			500m/s <sup>2</sup>	(50G) in X, Y	Z direction for	or 3 times				
Indicator			Outp	ut operation in	ndicator (Red I	LED)				
Ambient temperature			-25	to 70℃ (at no	n-freezing st	atus)				
Storage temperature			-30	to 80℃ (at no	n-freezing st	atus)				
Ambient humidity				35 to 9	5%RH					
Protection circuit		Su	rge protection	n circuit, Over	load & Short 1	protection circ	cuit			
Protection				IP67(IEC	standard)					
Cable spec.	φ 3.5×	2P, 2m	φ 4×2	2P, 2m		φ 5×2	2P, 2m			
Material		Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chlorde(PVC)								
Approval				(	€					
Unit weight	Approx.36g Approx.36g Approx.63g Approx.63g Approx.122g Approx.122g Approx.181g Approx.181g									

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

### ●DC 3-wire type

Model	PR08-1.5DP2		PR12-2DN PR12-2DP PR12-2DN2 PR12-2DP2 PRS12-2DN PRS12-2DP PRS12-2DN2	PR12-4DN PR12-4DP PR12-4DP2 PR12-4DP2 PRS12-4DN PRS12-4DP PRS12-4DN2 PRL12-4DN PRL12-4DN	PUL 10-2DINZ		PR30-10DN PR30-10DP PR30-10DN2 PR30-10DP2 PRL30-10DP PRL30-10DP PRL30-10DP2 PRL30-10DP2	
Sensing distance	$1.5 \text{mm} \pm 10\%$	2mm ±10%	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%
Hysteresis				Max. 10% of s				
Standard sensing target	8×8×1r	nm(Iron)	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm (Iron)	25×25×1mm (Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$_{(Iron)}^{45\times45\times1\mathrm{mm}}$
Setting distance	0 to 1.05mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm
Power supply (Operation voltage)					4VDC 0VDC)			
Leakage current				Max.				
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	1kHz	1.5kHz		)Hz	350Hz	400Hz	200Hz
Residual voltage				Max.				
Affection by Temp.	±10% Ma:	x. for sensing o	listance at 20℃	*		-25 to 70℃, F	PR08 Series : N	Iax. ±20%
Control output				Max. 2	200mA			
Insulation resistance				lin. 50MΩ (at 5				
Dielectric strength				.500VAC 50/60				
Vibration		1mm amplit	ude at frequenc				s for 2 hours	
Shock			500m/s <sup>2</sup>	(50G) in X, Y,	Z direction for	· 3 times		
Indicator			Out	put operation i	ndicator (Red L	ED)		
Ambient temperature			-25	to 70℃ (at noi	n-freezing stat	us)		
Storage temperature			-30	) to 80°C (at no:	n-freezing sta	tus)		
Ambient humidity				35 to 9	95%RH			
Protection circuit	Sur	ge protection c	ircuit, Reverse	polarity prote	citon circuit, O	verload & Shor	rt protection ci	rcuit
Protection				IP67 (IEC				
Material	Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chlorde(PVC)							
Cable spec.	φ 3.5×	3P, 2m	φ 4×3	3P, 2m		φ 5×3	3P, 2m	
Approval				C	€			
Unit weight	Approx. 36g	Approx. 36g	PR:Approx. 70g PRS:Approx. 68g	PR:Approx. 70g PRS:Approx. 68g	PR:Approx. 119g PRL:Approx. 150g	PR:Approx. 118g PRL:Approx. 150g	PR:Approx. 184g PRL:Approx. 222g	PR:Approx. 181g PRL:Approx. 227g

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

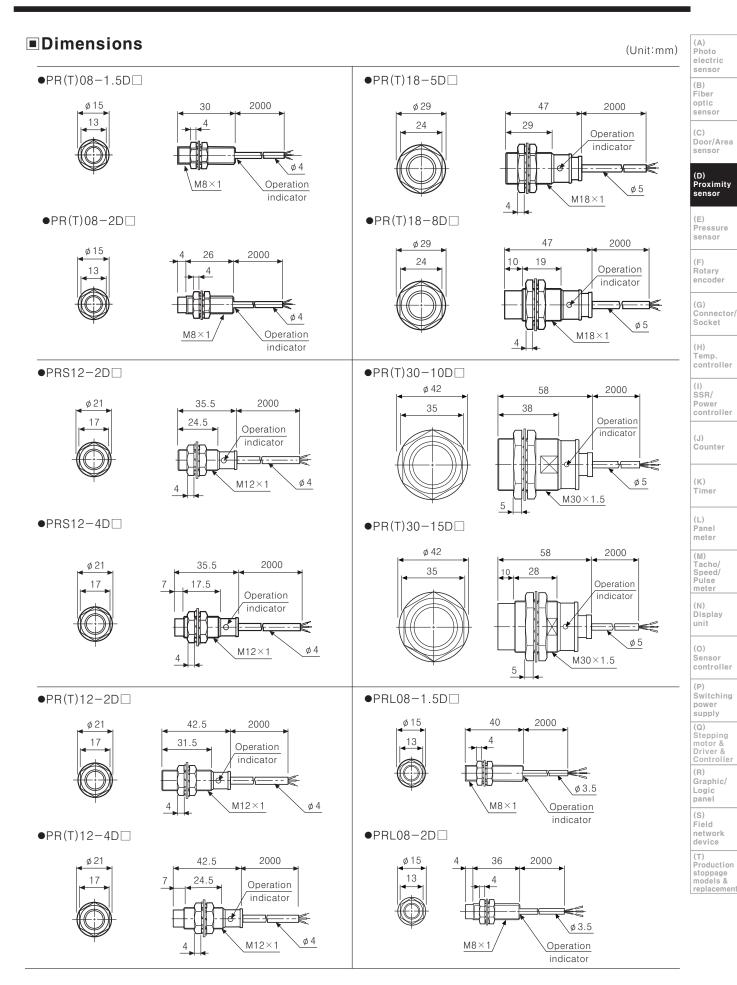
## ◆AC 2-wire type

Model	PR12-2AO PR12-2AC	PR12-4AO PR12-4AC	PR18-5AO PR18-5AC PRL18-5AO PRL18-5AC	PR18-8AO PR18-8AC PRL18-8AO PRL18-8AC	PR30-10AO PR30-10AC PRL30-10AO PRL30-10AC	PR30-15AO PR30-15AC PRL30-15AO PRL30-15AC		
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%		
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of se	ensing distance				
Standard sensing target	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm(Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm(Iron)	$45 \times 45 \times 1$ mm (Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm		
Power supply (Operation voltage)		100-240VAC (85-264VAC)						
Leakage current			Max. 2	2.5mA				
Response frequency(*1)			20	Hz				
Residual voltage			Max.	. 10V				
Affection by Temp.	±	10% Max. for sens	ing distance at 20℃	within temperature	ature range of −25 to 70°C			
Control output	5 to 1	50mA		5 to 2	00mA			
Insulation resistance			Min. 50MΩ (at 5	00VDC megger)				
Dielectric strength			2500VAC 50/6	OHz for 1minute				
Vibration	1n	nm amplitude at fre	quency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y, Z	directions for 2 ho	urs		
Shock		500	m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y	, Z direction for 3 ti	mes			
Indicator			Operation indic	ator (Red LED)				
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70°C (at no:	n-freezing status)				
Storage temperature			-30 to 80°C (at not	n-freezing status)				
Ambient humidity			35 to 9	95%RH				
Protection circuit			Surge prote	ction circuit				
Protection			IP67 (IEC	standard)				
Cable spec.	φ 4×2	P, 2m		φ 5×2	2P, 2m			
Material	Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable (Black): Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)							
Approval				€				
Unit weight	Approx. 66g	Approx. 66g	PR: Appox. 130g	PR: Appox. 130g	PR: Appox. 185g PRL: Appox. 224g	PR: Appox. 117g PRL: Appox. 222g		

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

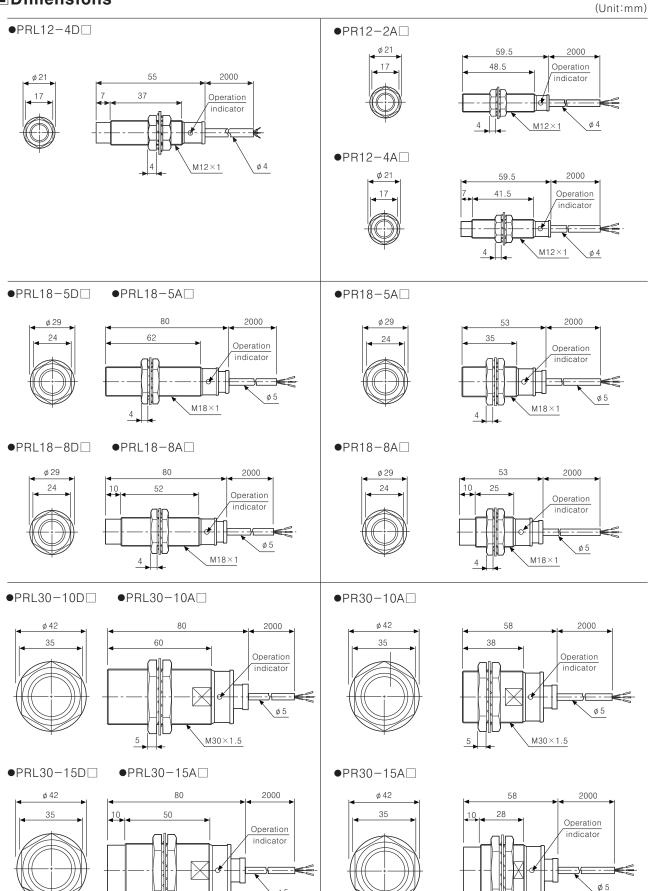
D-23 Autonics

## **Cylindrical Type Proximity Sensor**



## **PR Series**

### ■ Dimensions



M30×1.5

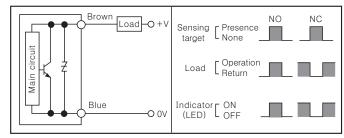
D-25 Autonics

M30×1.5

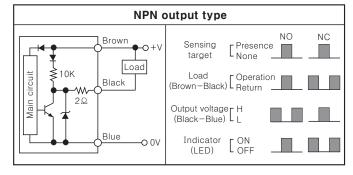
## Cylindrical Type Proximity Sensor

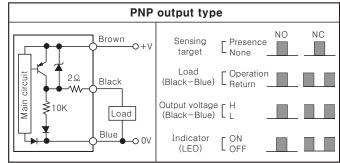
#### ■ Control output diagram

#### ODC 2-wire type

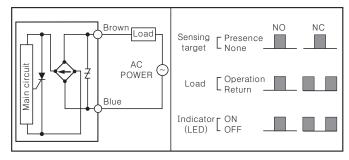


#### ○DC 3-wire type



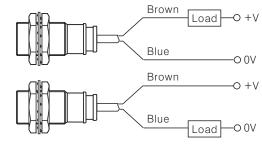


#### OAC 2-wire type



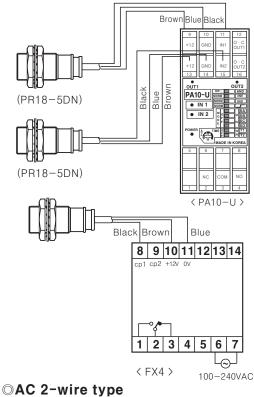
#### ■ Connections

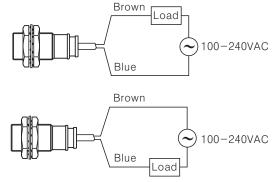
#### **ODC 2-wire type**



\*The load can be connected to either wire.

#### ○DC 3-wire type





\*The load can be connected to either wire.

(A) Photo electric

(B) Fiber sensor

Door/Area

## (D) Proximity sensor

Pressure sensor

Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

Temp. controller

SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

Timer

(∟)

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse

meter (N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle (R) Graphic/

Logic panel (S)

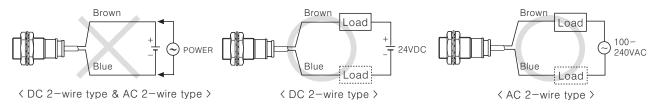
Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

## **PR Series**

#### ■ Proper usage

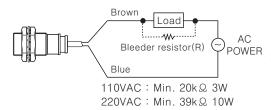
#### OLoad connections



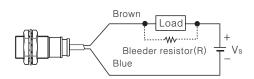
When using DC or AC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected, otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

#### OIn case of the load current is small

#### ●AC 2-wire type



●DC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage. If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R = \frac{V_S}{I} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

[I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]

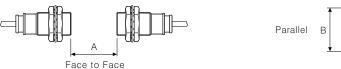
Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel. \*\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat

dissipation.  $R = \frac{V_S}{Io-Ioff} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$ 

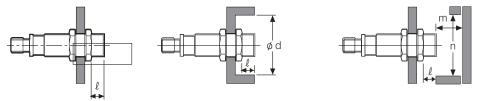
[ Vs : Power supply, Io : Min. action current of proximity sensor Ioff : Return current of load, P : Number of Bleeder resistance watt]

#### OMutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to keep a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.



When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, it is required to protect the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(Unit:mm)

Model Item	PR08-1.5D□ PRT08-1.5D□	1PR08-2DL1		PR(T)12-4D□ PRS12-4D□ PR12-4A□	PRL18-5D□ PR18-5A□	PR(T)18-8D□ PRL18-8D□ PR18-8A□ PRL18-8A□	PRL30-10D□ PR30-10A□	PR(T)30-15D□ PRL30-15D□ PR30-15A□ PRL30-15A□
А	9	12	12	24	30	48	60	90
В	16	24	24	36	36	54	60	90
l	0	8	0	11	0	14	0	15
ød	8	24	12	36	18	54	30	90
m	4.5	6	6	12	15	24	30	54
n	12	24	18	36	27	54	45	90

D-27 Autonics

## PRW Series Cylindrical Cable Outgoing Connector Type

## Cylindrical cable outgoing connector type proximity sensor

#### ■ Features

- •Shorten the time of maintenance with the body
- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit (DC 2-wire, 3-wire type)
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- •Red LED status indication
- •Waterproof structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches

Please read "Caution for your safety" in operation manual before using.





## Specifications

### ●DC 2-wire type

Model	PRWT08-1.5DO PRWT08-1.5DC PRWT08-1.5DO-I PRWT08-1.5DC-I PRWT08-1.5DO-IV PRWT08-1.5DC-IV						PRWT30-10DC PRWT30-10DO-I PRWT30-10DC-I PRWT30-10DO-V	PRWT30-15DO PRWT30-15DC PRWT30-15DO-I PRWT30-15DC-I PRWT30-15DO-V PRWT30-15DC-IV	
Sensing distance	1.5mm ±10%	2mm	±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	
Hysteresis			1	Max. 10% of s	ensing distanc	е			
Standard sensing target	8×8×1mm (Iron) 12×12			1mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm (Iron)	25×25×1mm (Iron)	30×30×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)	
Setting distance	0 to 1.05mm	0 to 1	.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm	
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)							
Leakage current		Max. 0.6mA							
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	1kHz	1.5kHz	50	OHz	350Hz	400Hz	200Hz	
Residual voltage		Max. 3.5V							
Affection by Temp.		±10% Ma	ax. for sensing	distance at 20	)℃(For PRWT	`08 series : ±	20% Max,)		
Control output		2 to 100mA							
Insulation resistance			Mi	in. 50MΩ (at 5	00VDC megge	ra)			
Dielectric strength			1	500VAC 50/60	OHz for 1 minu	ite			
Vibration		1mm amplitu	de at frequenc	y of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X	, Y, Z direction	ns for 2 hours		
Shock			500m/s <sup>2</sup>	(50G) in X, Y,	Z directions f	or 3 times			
Indicator				put operation i					
Ambient temperature				to 70°C (at no					
Storage temperature			-30	) to 80°C (at no	n-freezing st	atus)			
Ambient humidity					95%RH				
Protection circuit		Surge protection circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit							
Protection				IP67 (IEC	standard)				
Material		Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chlorde(PVC)							
Approval					€				
Unit weight	Approx	x. 30g	Appro	x. 45g	Appro	x. 65g	Approx	k. 130g	

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp.

controller
(I)
SSR/

(J) Counter

Power

(K) Timer

(L) Panel meter

Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N)

Display unit

Sensor

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

<sup>\*</sup>Please fasten the vibration part with Teflon type.

 <sup>★</sup>See G-2 for IEC standard connector cables and specifications.

### **■**Specifications

## ◆DC 3-wire type

Model	PRW08-1.5DP PRW08-1.5DN2 PRW08-1.5DP2 PRW08-1.5DP-V PRW08-1.5DP-V PRWL08-1.5DP PRWL08-1.5DP	PRW08-2DN-V PRW08-2DP-V		PRW12-4DN PRW12-4DP PRW12-4DN2 PRW12-4DP2	PRWL18-5DP PRWL18-5DN2	PRW18-8DP PRW18-8DN2 PRW18-8DP2 PRWL18-8DN PRWL18-8DP PRWL18-8DN2	PRW30-10DP-V PRWL30-10DN	PRW30-15DN PRW30-15DN2 PRW30-15DN2 PRW30-15DP2 PRW30-15DP-V PRW30-15DP-V PRWL30-15DN PRWL30-15DP PRWL30-15DP2 PRWL30-15DP2
Sensing distance	$1.5$ mm $\pm 10\%$	2mm =	±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%
Hysteresis				Max. 10% of se				
Standard sensing target	8×8×1r	nm(Iron)	12×12×1	mm (Iron)	(Iron)	(Iron)	30×30×1mm (Iron)	$_{(Iron)}^{45\times45\times1\mathrm{mm}}$
Setting distance	0 to 1.05mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)						
Current consumption	Max. 10mA							
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	1kHz	1.5kHz	500	OHz	350Hz	400Hz	200Hz
Residual voltage	Max	. 2V			Max.			
Affection by Temp.		$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\%$ (For PRW(L)08 series : $\pm 20\%$ Max,)						
Control output		200mA						
Insulation resistance				lin. 50MΩ (at 5		<u> </u>		
Dielectric strength			1	500VAC 50/60	Hz for 1minut	е		
Vibration		1mm amplitu	ide at frequenc	y of 10 to 55H	z in each of X,	Y, Z directions	for 2 hours	
Shock				(50G) in X, Y,				
Indicator			Out	put operation i	ndicator (Red L	ED)		
Ambient temperature			-25	to 70℃ (at nor	n-freezing stat	us)		
Storage temperature		-30 to 80°C (at non-freezing status)						
Ambient humidity				35 to 9	95%RH			
Protection circuit	Sur	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit						
Protection		IP67 (IEC standard)						
Material		Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable(Black): Polyvinyl chloride(PVC), Oil resistant cable(Gray): Oil resistant Polyvinyl chlorde(PVC)						
Approval					€			
Unit weight	PR08:App PRW08:A <sub>I</sub>	rox. 68g pprox. 30g	Appro	x. 40g	PRW18:App PRWL18:Ap	prox. 84g pprox. 108g	PRW30:App PRWL30:Ap	

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

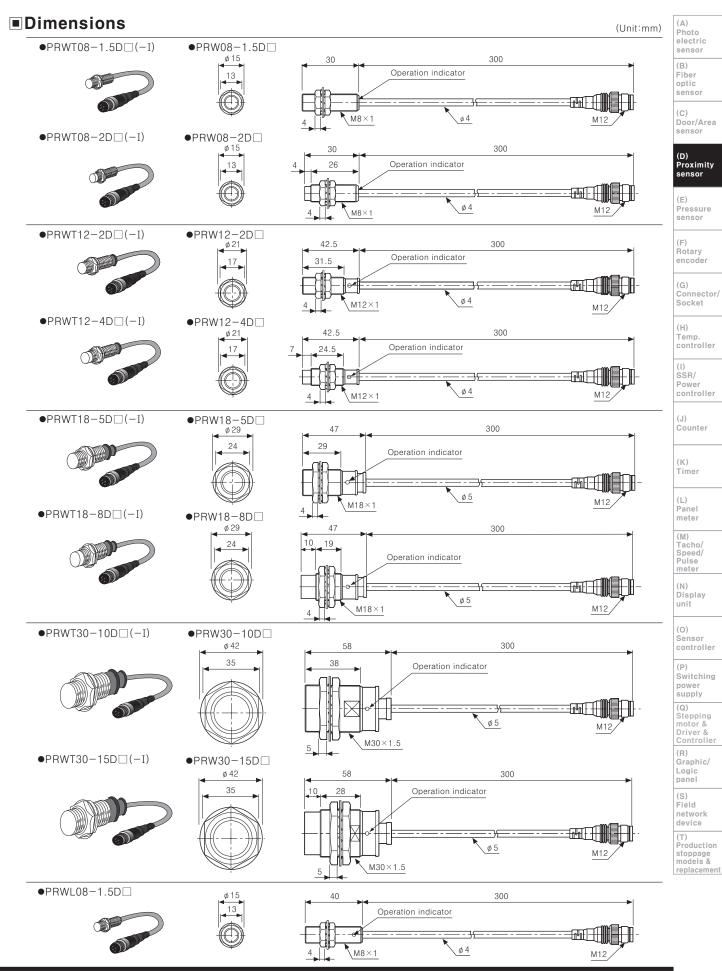
## ●AC 2-wire type

Model	PRW12-2AO PRW12-2AC	PRW12-4AO PRW12-4AC	PRW18-5AO PRW18-5AC PRWL18-5AO PRWL18-5AC	PRW18-8AO PRW18-8AC PRWL18-8AO PRWL18-8AC	PRW30-10AO PRW30-10AC PRWL30-10AO PRWL30-10AC	PRW30-15AO PRW30-15AC PRWL30-15AO PRWL30-15AC	
Sensing distance	$2\text{mm} \pm 10\%$	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of s	ensing distance			
Standard sensing target	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm (Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm(Iron)	$45 \times 45 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm	
Power supply (Operation voltage)				240VAC 64VAC)			
Leakage current			Max.	2.5mA			
Response frequency(*1)			20	)Hz			
Residual voltage			Max	. 10V			
Affection by Temp.	±10% Max. for sensing distance at 20℃ within temperature range of -25 to 70℃						
Control output	5 to 150mA 5 to 200mA						
Insulation resistance			Min. 50MΩ (at 5	500VDC megger)			
Dielectric strength			1500VAC 50/6	OHz for 1minute			
Vibration	1 r	nm amplitude at fre	quency of 10 to 55H	Hz in each of X, Y, Z	directions for 2 hor	ırs	
Shock		500	0m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y	, Z direction for 3 ti	mes		
Indicator			Output operation i	ndicator (Red LED)			
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70°C (at no	n-freezing status)			
Storage temperature			-30 to 80°C (at no	n-freezing status)			
Ambient humidity			35 to	95%RH			
Protection circuit			Surge prote	ection circuit			
Protection			IP67 (IEC	standard)			
Material	Case/Nu	Case/Nut: Nikel plated Brass, Washer: Nikel plated Iron, Sensing surface: Heat-resistant ABS, Standard cable (Black): Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)					
Approval			(	€			
Unit weight	Appro	x. 42g	PRW18 : Ap	oprox. 87g Approx. 112g	PRW30 : Ap PRWL30 : A	prox. 148g approx. 185g	

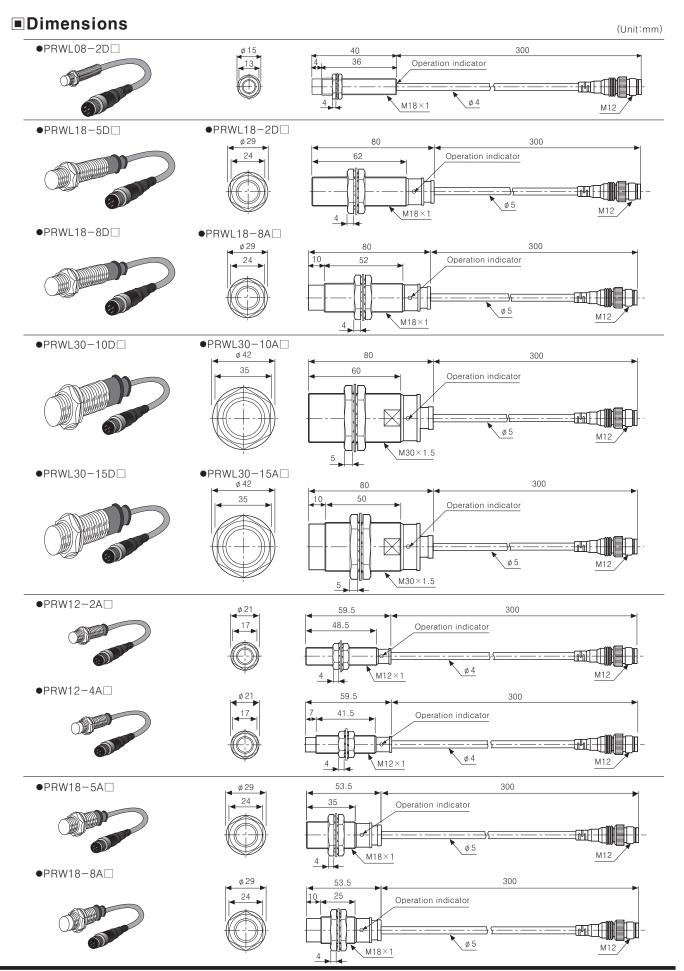
<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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## **Cylindrical Cable Outgoing Connector Type**

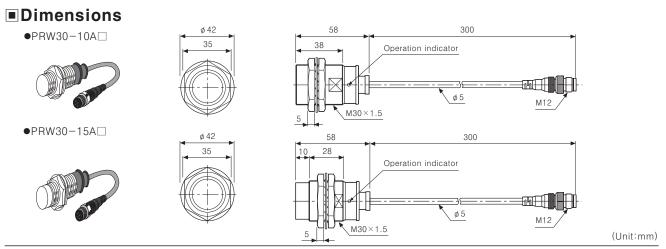


## **PRW Series**



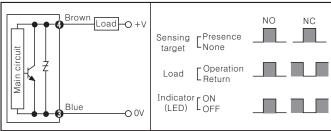
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## Cylindrical Cable Outgoing Connector Type

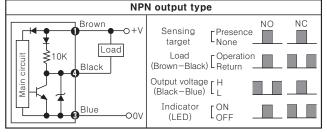


#### ■ Control output diagram

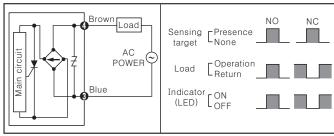
#### ○DC 2-wire type

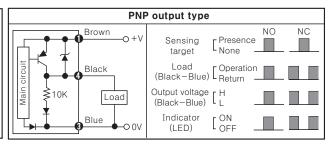






#### ○AC 2-wire type

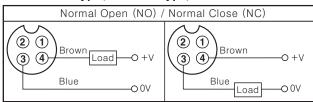




\*The number in a circle is pin no. of connector.

#### Wiring diagram

#### ODC 2-wire type(Standard type)



\*Pin 1 and 2 are not connected.

Brown

Black

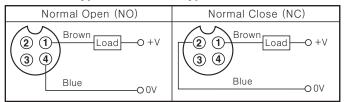
Blue

2 1

3 4

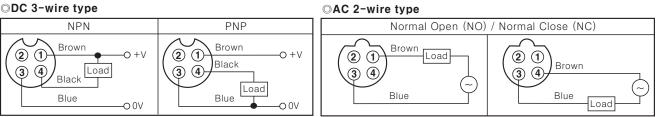
\*When using DC 3-wire type of connector cable, black(12-24VDC) and blue (OV) cables can be used.

#### ODC 2-wire type(IEC standard type)



- ☀The type, pin arrangment of connector based upon IEC standard is being developed.
- ※Please put "I" behind of standard type for purchasing IEC standard Ex)PRWT12-4DO-I
- ∗Please put "I" behind of model name for selecting proximity sensor by IEC standard. Ex)CID2-2-I, CLD2-2-I

#### OAC 2-wire type



- \*Please fasten the cleat of connector not to shown the thread.  $(0.39 \text{ to } 0.49 \text{N} \cdot \text{m})$
- ※In case of AC switching type, ② and ③, ① and ④ are connected to each other inside.
- \*Please fasten the vibration part with Teflon tape. ★See G-2 for IEC standard connector cables and specifications

Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

Rotary encodei

Connector Socket

controller

(I) SSR/ Power

Counter

(K)

meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse

meter unit

controlle

Switching

supply Stepping

motor & Driver & Controlle Graphic/

Logic

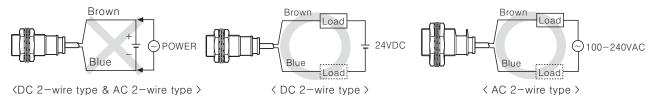
network device

Production stoppage models & replacement

## **PRW Series**

#### ■ Proper usage

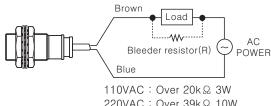
#### OLoad connections



When using DC or AC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

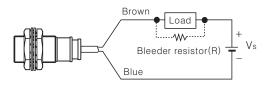
#### OIn case of the load current is small

#### ●AC 2-wire type



220VAC: Over 39kΩ 10W

#### ●DC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage.

If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

 $R = \frac{V_S}{I} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$ 

[ I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]

Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel.

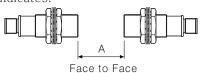
\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

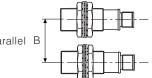
$$R = \frac{V_S}{Io-Ioff} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

Vs : Power supply, Io : Min. action current of proximity sensor Ioff : Return current of load, P : Number of Bleeder resistance watt

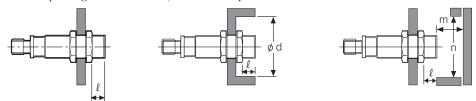
#### Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates





When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, it must be prevented sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(Unit:mm)

Model	PRW08-1.5D□	PRW08-2D□	DDWT40 ODD	DDWT10 4DD	PRWT18-5D□	PRWT18-8D□	PRWT30-10D□	PRWT30-15D□
	PRWT08-1.5D□	PRWT08-2D□	PRW112-2D□ PRW12-2A□	PRWIIZ-4DL	PRW(L)18-5D□	PRW(L)18-8D□	PRW(L)30-10D□	PRW(L)30-15D□
Item \	PRWL08-1.5D□	PRWL08-2D□	PRW12-2ALI	PRW12-4ALI	PRW(L)18-5A□	PRW(L)18-8A□	PRW(L)30-10A□	PRW(L)30-15A□
А	9	12	12	24	30	48	60	90
В	16	24	24	36	36	54	60	90
l	0	8	0	11	0	14	0	15
ø d	8	24	12	36	18	54	30	90
m	4.5	6	6	12	15	24	30	54
n	12	24	18	36	27	54	45	90

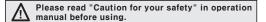
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## **Cylindrical Connector Type**

### Cylindrical connector type proximity sensor

#### ■ Features

- •Shorten the time of maintenance
- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit (DC 2-wire, 3-wire type)
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard) for connector part
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches







#### Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area

#### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G)

Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/

Pulse meter

Display unit

Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

### ■ Specifications

### ●DC 2-wire type

Model	PRCMT12-2DC PRCMT12-2DO-I				PRCMT30-10DO PRCMT30-10DC PRCMT30-10DO-I PRCMT30-10DC-I				
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%			
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of s	ensing distance					
Standard sensing target	12×12×1	1mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm (Iron)	25×25×1mm (Iron)	30×30×1mm (Iron)	45×45×1mm (Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm			
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)							
Leakage current		Max. 0.6mA							
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	50	0Hz	350Hz	400Hz	200Hz			
Residual voltage	Max. 3.5V								
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $+20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$								
Control output		2 to 100mA							
Dielectric strength		Min. 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)							
Insulation resistance			1500VAC 50/60	OHz for 1 minute					
Vibration	1mm	amplitude at frequ	uency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y,	Z directions for 2	hours			
Shock			n/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,						
Indicator			Output operation i						
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70°C (at no	n-freezing status	)				
Storage temperature			-30 to 80°C (at no	n-freezing status	)				
Ambient humidity		35 to 95%RH							
Protection circuit		Surge protection circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit							
Protection			IP67 (IEC	standard)					
Material	Case/Nut:	Nikel plated Brass	s, Washer: Nikel pl	ated Iron, Sensing	surface: Heat-resi	stant ABS			
Approval				€					
Unit weight	Appr	Approx. 26g Approx. 49g Approx. 134g							

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

### **■**Specifications

## ◆DC 3-wire type

Model	PRCM12-2DN PRCM12-2DP PRCM12-2DN2 PRCM12-2DP2	PRCM12-4DN PRCM12-4DP PRCM12-4DN2 PRCM12-4DP2	PRCM18-5DN PRCM18-5DP PRCM18-5DN2 PRCM18-5DP2 PRCML18-5DN PRCML18-5DP PRCML18-5DN2 PRCML18-5DN2	PRCM18-8DN PRCM18-8DP PRCM18-8DN2 PRCM18-8DP2 PRCML18-8DN PRCML18-8DN PRCML18-8DN2 PRCML18-8DN2	PRCM30-10DN PRCM30-10DP PRCM30-10DN2 PRCM30-10DP2 PRCML30-10DN PRCML30-10DN PRCML30-10DN2 PRCML30-10DP2	PRCM30-15DN PRCM30-15DP PRCM30-15DN2 PRCM30-15DN2 PRCML30-15DN PRCML30-15DN PRCML30-15DN2 PRCML30-15DN2			
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%			
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of se	ensing distance					
Standard sensing target	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm(Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$45 \times 45 \times 1$ mm(Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm			
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)							
Current consumption		Max. 10mA							
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz 500		OHz	350Hz	400Hz	200Hz			
Residual voltage		Max. 1.5V							
Affection by Temp.	±1	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $+20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$							
Control output		Max. 200mA							
Dielectric strength				00VDC megger)					
Insulation resistance			1500VAC 50/60	OHz for 1 minute					
Vibration	1 m	m amplitude at free	quency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y, Z	directions for 2 hou	ırs			
Shock		500i	m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,		imes				
Indicator			Output operation in	ndicator(Red LED)					
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70℃ (at no	n-freezing status)					
Storage temperature			-30 to 80℃ (at no	n-freezing status)					
Ambient humidity		35 to 95%RH							
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit								
Protection			IP67 (IEC	standard)					
Material	Case/Ni	ut: Nikel plated Bras	ss, Washer: Nikel pla	ated Iron, Sensing s	urface: Heat-resista	ant ABS			
Approval				€					
Unit weight	Appro	ox. 26g	PRCM18 : A PRCML18 :	pprox. 49g Approx. 73g	PRCM30 : A PRCML : Ap				

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

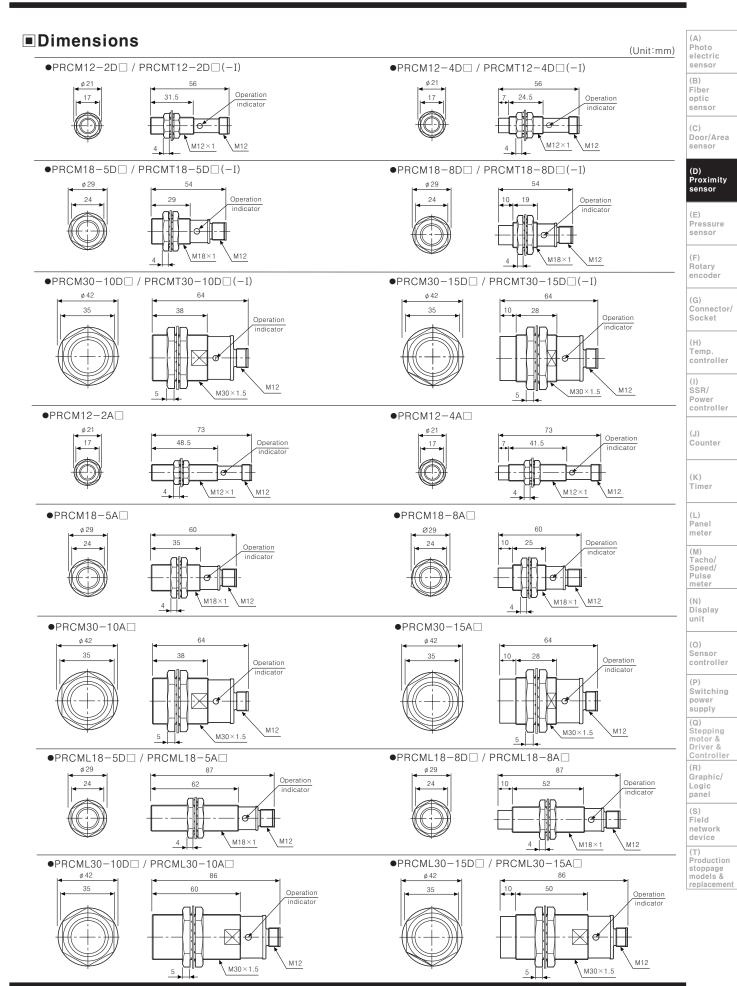
## ◆AC 2-wire type

Model	PRCM12-2AO PRCM12-2AC	PRCM12-4AO PRCM12-4AC	PRCM18-5AO PRCM18-5AC PRCML18-5AO PRCML18-5AC	PRCM18-8AO PRCM18-8AC PRCML18-8AO PRCML18-8AC	PRCM30-10AO PRCM30-10AC PRCML30-10AO PRCML30-10AC	PRCM30-15AO PRCM30-15AC PRCML30-15AO PRCML30-15AC		
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%		
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of s	ensing distance				
Standard sensing target	12×12×1	mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm(Iron)	$25 \times 25 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	$45 \times 45 \times 1$ mm (Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm		
Power supply (Operation voltage)		100-240VAC (85-264VAC)						
Leakage current			Max.	2.5mA				
Response frequency(*1)		20Hz						
Residual voltage		Max. 10V						
Affection by Temp.	±1	±10% Max. for sensing distance at +20℃ within temperature range of -25 to 70℃						
Control output	5 to 1	5 to 150mA 5 to 200mA						
Dielectric strength		Min. 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)						
Insulation resistance		2500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute						
Vibration	1 m	ım amplitude at fred	quency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y, Z	directions for 2 hou	ırs		
Shock		5001	m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,	Z directions for 3 t	imes			
Indicator			Output operation i	ndicator (Red LED)				
Ambient temperature			-25 to 70°C (at no	n-freezing status)				
Storage temperature			-30 to 80°C (at no	n-freezing status)				
Ambient humidity			35 to 9	95%RH				
Protection circuit			Surge prote	ction circuit				
Protection			IP67 (IEC	standard)				
Approval	Case/N	ut: Nikel plated Bras	ss, Washer: Nikel pla	ated Iron, Sensing s	urface: Heat-resista	ant ABS		
Approval				€				
Unit weight	Appro	x. 30g	PRCM18 : A PRCML18 :	pprox. 53g Approx. 74g	PRCM30 : Ap PRCML30 : A	pprox. 134g approx. 169g		

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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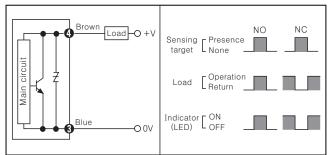
# **Cylindrical Connector Type**



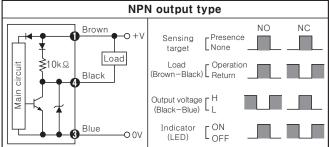
# **PRCM Series**

# ■Control output diagram

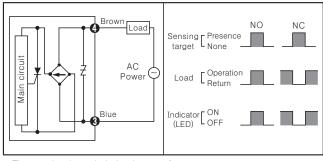
## ○DC 2-wire type

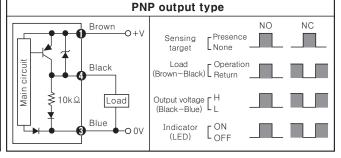


### ○DC 3-wire type



### ○AC 2-wire type

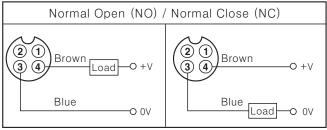




★The number in a circle is pin no. of connector.

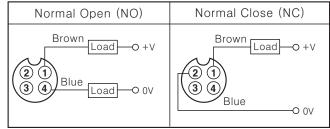
# Wiring diagram

### ODC 2-wire type(Standard type)



- \*Pin ①, ② are N.C (Not Connected) terminals.
- \*For DC 3-wire type connector cable, it is available to use with black wire(12-24VDC) and blue wire(0V).

# ODC 2-wire type(IEC standard type)

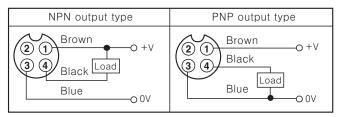


- \*\*The pin arrangement of connector applying IEC standard is being developed.
- \*\*Please attach "I" at the end of the name of standard type for purchasing the IEC standard product. Ex)PRCMT12-4D0-I
- \*The connector cable for IEC standard is being developed.

  Please attach "I' at the end of the name of standard type.

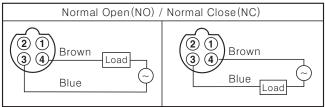
  Ex)CID2-2-I, CLD2-5-I

### ODC 3-wire



\*\*Please fasten the cleat of connector not to shown the thread.  $(0.39 \text{ to } 0.49 \text{N} \cdot \text{m})$ 

### OAC 2-wire



※In AC inductive type, ② and ③, ① and ④ are connected inside of the connector cable.

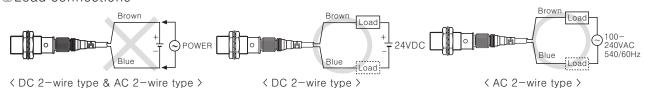
- ※Please fasten the vibration part with Teflon tape.
- ★See G-2 about IEC standard connector wires and specifications.

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# **Cylindrical Connector Type**

# ■ Proper usage

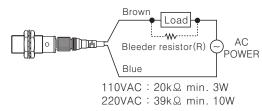
### OLoad connections



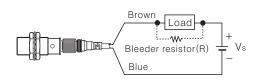
When using DC or AC 2-wire type proximity sensor, the load must be connected otherwise internal components may be damaged. The load can be connected to either wire.

### OIn case of the load current is small

### ●AC 2-wire type



●DC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage. If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R = \frac{V_S}{I} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

[ I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]

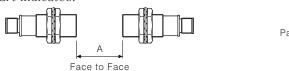
Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel. \*\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

$$R = \frac{V_{S}}{I_{O} - I_{O}ff} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_{S}^{2}}{R} (W)$$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $ Vs: Power supply, Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor \\ Ioff: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt \end{tabular}$ 

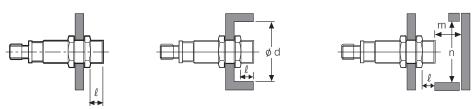
## 

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.



Parallel B

When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



(Unit:mm)

Model Item	PRCM12-2D□	PRCMT12-4D PRCM12-4D PRCM12-4A	PRCM(L)18-5D	PRCM(L)18-8D□	PRCMT30-10D PRCM(L)30-10D PRCM(L)30-10A	PRCM(L)30-15D
А	12	24	30	48	60	90
В	24	36	36	54	60	90
l	0	11	0	14	0	15
ød	12	36	18	54	30	90
m	6	12	15	24	30	54
n	18	36	27	54	45	90

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

> (J) Counter

Timer

(L) Panel

meter

(M)
Tacho/
Speed/
Pulse

(N) Display

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Logic panel (S)

Graphic/

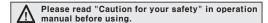
Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# Spatter-resistance type proximity sensor

## ■ Features

- •Coated with teflon against thermal resistance (Prevention of malfunction due to spatter)
- •Improvede the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit (DC 2-wire, 3-wire type)
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for spatter-resistance type limit switches







# ■The characteristic of spatter-resistance type

The hot arc from arc welding machine is adhesive even with metals or plastics.

Therefore, normal proximity sensor might have malfunction even though there are no sensing object if the arcs are put on the sensing surface. The arcs are not adhered on the sensing part of the spatter-resistance type proximity sensor as the part is coated with teflon against thermal resistance.

Also, the protection cover sold optionally has the same function.

# Specifications

# ●DC 2-wire type

Model						PRAWT30-10DO PRAWT30-10DC	
Sensing distance	2mm	±10%	5mm ±10%		10mr	n ±10%	
Hysteresis			Max. 10% of	sensing distance			
Standard sensing target	12×12×	1mm(Iron)	18×18×	1mm(Iron)	30×30×	(1mm (Iron)	
Setting distance	0 to	1.4mm	0 to	3.5mm	0 t	o 7mm	
Power supply (Operating voltage)				24VDC 30VDC)			
Leakage current			Max.	0.6mA			
Response frequency(*1)	1.5	5kHz	50	00Hz	4	100Hz	
Residual voltage			Max	x. 3.5V			
Affection by Temp.	±10% N	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $+20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$					
Control output			2 to	100mA			
Insulation resistance			Min. 50MΩ (at	500VDC megger	)		
Dielectric strength			1500VAC 50/6	OHz for 1 minute	:		
Vibration	1mm ar	nplitude at frequ	quency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours				
Shock		500m	m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y, Z direction for 3 times				
Indicator		(	Output operation indicator(Red LED)				
Ambient temperature		-	-25 to 70°C (at non-freezing status)				
Storage temperature		-	-30 to 80℃ (at non-freezing status)				
Ambient humidity			35 to 95%RH				
Protection circuit		Surge prote	ection circuit, overload & short protection circuit				
Protection			IP67 (IEC standard)				
Cable	φ 4×	2P, 2m	φ5×2P, 2m				
Approval			C€				
Unit weight	Approx. 63g	Approx. 45g	Approx. 122g	Approx. 65g	Approx. 181g	Approx. 130g	

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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<sup>\*\*</sup>IEC standard item is available and add "-I" to the end of model. Ex)PRAWT12-2DO-I

# Cylindrical Spatter-Resistance Type

# Specifications

# ●DC 3-wire type

Model	PRA12-2DN PRA12-2DP PRA12-2DN2 PRA12-2DP2	PRA18-5DN PRA18-5DP PRA18-5DN2 PRA18-5DP2	PRA30-10DN PRA30-10DP PRA30-10DN2 PRA30-10DP2		
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	10mm ±10%		
Hysteresis		Max. 10% of sensing distance			
Standard sensing target	$12 \times 12 \times 1$ mm (Iron)	18×18×1mm(Iron)	$30 \times 30 \times 1$ mm(Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm		
Power supply (Operating voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)			
Current consumption		Max. 10mA			
Response frequency(*1)	1.5kHz	500Hz	400Hz		
Residual voltage		Max. 1.5V			
Affection by Temp.	±10% Max. for sensing	g distance at +20℃ within temperatu	re range of −25 to 70°C		
Control output		Max. 200mA			
Insulation resistance		Min. 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)			
Dielectric strength		1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute			
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency	uency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y,	Z directions for 2 hours		
Shock	500r	n/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y, Z direction for 3	times		
Indicator		Output operation indicator(Red LED)	)		
Ambient temperature		-25 to 70℃ (at non-freezing status)	)		
Storage temperature	-30 to 80℃ (at non-freezing status)				
Ambient humidity		35 to 95%RH			
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, reverse polarity proteciton circuit, overload & short protection circuit				
Protection		IP67 (IEC standard)			
Cable	φ4×3P, 2m	φ5×3P, 2m			
Approval		(€			
Unit weight	Approx. 70g	Approx. 119g	Approx. 184g		

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

# ●AC 2-wire type

Model	PRA12-2AO PRA12-2AC	PRA18-5AO PRA18-5AC	PRA30-10AO PRA30-10AC			
Sensing distance	2mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	10mm ±10%			
Hysteresis		Max. 10% of sensing distance				
Standard sensing target	12×12×1mm(Iron)	18×18×1mm(Iron)	30×30×1mm(Iron)			
Setting distance	0 to 1.4mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm			
Power supply (Operating voltage)		100-240VAC (85-264VAC)				
Leakage current		Max. 2.5mA				
Response frequency(*1)		20Hz				
Residual voltage		Max. 10V				
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $+20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$					
Control output	5 ~ 150mA	5 ~ 2	00mA			
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)					
Dielectric strength	2500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute					
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours					
Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y, Z direction for 3 times					
Indicator	Output operation indicator(Red LED)					
Ambient temperature	-25 to 70°C (at non-freezing status)					
Storage temperature	-30 to 80°C (at non-freezing status)					
Ambient humidity	35 to 95%RH					
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, overload & short protection circuit					
Protection	IP67 (IEC standard)					
Cable	φ 4×2P, 2m	φ5×2P, 2m				
Approval	CE					
Unit weight	Approx. 66g	Approx. 130g	Approx. 185g			

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

> (J) Counter

(K) Timer

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller

Switching power supply

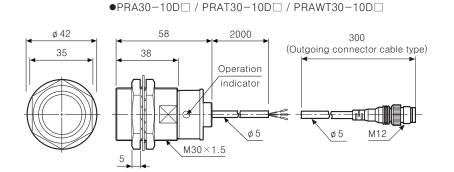
(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel

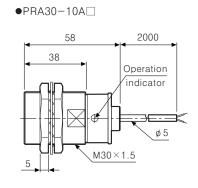
Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

### Dimensions (Unit:mm) ●PRA12-2D□ / PRAT12-2D□ / PRAWT12-2D□ ●PRA12-2A□ 2000 ø 21 59.5 42.5 2000 300 (Outgoing connector cable type) 17 31.5 48.5 Operation Operation indicator indicator M12×1 M12 ø 4 ●PRA18-5D□ / PRAT18-5D□ / PRAWT18-5D□ ●PRA18-5A□ ø 29 2000 53 2000 (Outgoing connector cable type) 24 35 29 Operation Operation indicator ø 5 ø 5



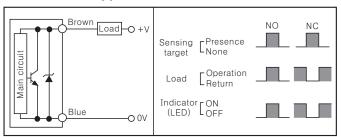
M18×1



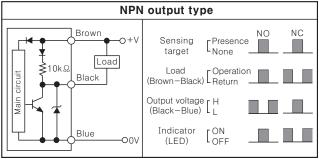
 $M18 \times 1$ 

# **■**Control output diagram

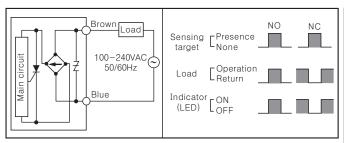
# ○DC 2-wire type

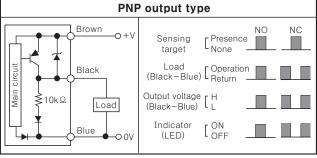


### ODC 3-wire type



### OAC 2-wire type

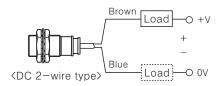


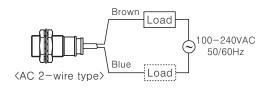


# Cylindrical Spatter-Resistance Type

## ■ Connections

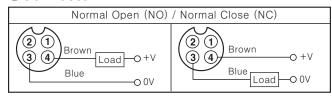
# ○DC 2-wire standard type / AC 2-wire type





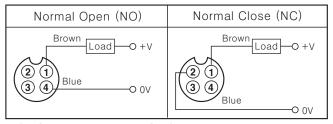
- \*When using DC 2-wire and AC 2-wire type, a load must be connected before applying power; otherwise, components can be damaged.
- \*The load can be connected to either wire.

### Connector



\*1, 2 are N · C(Not Connected) terminals

# ODC 2-wire type(IEC standard type)

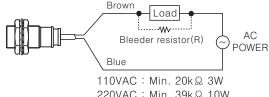


※②, ③ of NO Type and ③, ④ of NC Type are N·C(Not Connected) terminals.

# Proper usage

OIn case of the load current is small

●AC 2-wire type



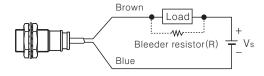
220VAC : Min. 39kΩ 10W

If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R = \frac{V_S}{I} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

[ I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]

●DC 2-wire type



Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel.

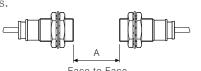
\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

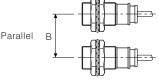
$$R = \frac{V_S}{Io-Ioff} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

[Vs: Power supply, Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor Ioff: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt]

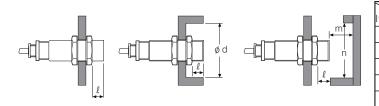
## Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of th may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.





When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



Model Item	PRA□12-2□□	PRA□18-5□□	PRA□30-10□□
А	12	30	60
В	24	36	60
l	0	0	0
ø d	12	18	30
m	6	15	30
n	18	27	45

electric sensor (B)

optic

(A) Photo

sensor Door/Area

(D) Proximity sensor

Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp.

SSR/ controller

(J) Counter

Timer (L)

meter

(K)

Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle (R) Graphic/

Logic panel (S) Field network

device Production stoppage models & replacement

# Rectangular type proximity sensor

# ■ Features

- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC (DC 3-wire type)
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit (DC 2-wire, 3-wire type)
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC 3-wire type)
- •Long life cycle and high reliability
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches







# Specifications

# ●DC 2-wire type

\*\*The existing PST17 is upgraded its function and design and changed as PSN17.\*\*The case color of Normal Close type is changed from orange to gray.

Model	PSNT17-5DO PSNT17-5DC	PSNT17-5DOU PSNT17-5DCU		
Sensing distance	5mm ±10%			
Hysteresis	Max. 10% of se	ensing distance		
Standard sensing target	18×18×1	mm(Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 3.	.5mm		
Power supply (Operating voltage)	12-24 (10-3			
Leakage current	Max. C	).6mA		
Response frequency(*1)	700	)Hz		
Residual voltage	Max.	3.5V		
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$			
Control output	2 to 10	00mA		
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ (at 50	00VDC megger)		
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60	Hz for 1 minute		
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55H	z in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours		
Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,	Z direction for 3 times		
Indicator	Output operation in	dicator (Red LED)		
Ambient temperature	-25 to 70°C (at nor	n-freezing status)		
Storage temperature	-30 to 80°C (at nor	n-freezing status)		
Ambient humidity	35 to 9	5%RH		
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Overlo	oad & Short protection circuit		
Protection	IP67 (IEC	standard)		
Cable	φ 4×3	3P, 2m		
Approval	(	[€		
Unit weight	Appro	ox. 69g		

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

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# Rectangular Type

# **■**Specifications

# ●DC 3-wire type

\*The existing PS17 is upgraded its function and design and changed as PSN17.

The case color of PNP output type is changed from orange to gray.

							1	
Model	PS12-4DN PS12-4DP PS12-4DN2 PS12-4DNU PS12-4DPU PS12-4DN2U	PSN17-5DN2 PSN17-5DP2 PSN17-5DNU	PSN17-8DP PSN17-8DN2-F	PSN25-5DP PSN25-5DN2	PSN30-10DN PSN30-10DP PSN30-10DN2 PSN30-10DP2	PSN30-15DP	PSN40-20DP	PS50-30DP
Sensing distance	4mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	5mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	20mm ±10%	30mm ±10%
Hysteresis			Max. 10%	of sensing	distance			
Standard sensing target	12×12× 1mm(Iron)	18×18× 1mm(Iron)	25×25×1mm(Ir	- /	30×30× 1mm(Iron)	45×45× 1mm(Iron)	60×60× 1mm(Iron)	90×90× 1mm(Iron)
Setting distance	0 to 2.8mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 14mm	0 to 21mm
Power supply (Operation voltage)		12-24VDC (10-30VDC)						
Current consumption				Max. 10mA				
Response frequency(*1)	500Hz	700Hz	200Hz	300Hz	250Hz	200Hz	100Hz	50Hz
Residual voltage				Max. 1.5V				
Affection by Temp.		±10% M	lax. for sensing distance a	t 20℃ within	temperature	range of -2	5 to 70℃	
Control output				Max. 200mA				
Insulation resistance			Min. 50M	Ω (at 500VD)	C megger)			
Dielectric strength			1500VAC	C 50/60Hz fo	r 1minute			
Vibration		1mm amp	litude at frequency of 10 t	to 55Hz in ea	ich of X, Y, Z	directions fo	or 2 hours	
Shock			500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) i	in X, Y, Z dire	ection for 3 t	imes		
Indicator			Output oper	ation indicate	or(Red LED)			
Ambient temperature		-25 to 70℃ (at non-freezing status)						
Storage temperature	-30 to 80℃ (at non-freezing status)							
Ambient humidity		35 to 95%RH						
Protection circuit	Su	Surge protection circuit, overload & short protection circuit, reverse polarity protection circuit						
Protection			IP6	7 (IEC standa	ard)			
Cable spec.	$\phi$ 4×2P, 2m $\phi$ 5×2P, 2m							
Approval				CE				
Unit weight	Approx. 62g	Approx. 71g	Approx. 70g		Appro	x. 111g	Approx. 158g	Approx. 220g
w ( . 4 ) . mi						11.1 1		C (1

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

# ●AC 2-wire type

\*The case color of Normal Close type is changed from orange to gray.

Model	PSN25-5AO PSN25-5AC	PSN30-10AO PSN30-10AC	PSN30-15AO PSN30-15AC	PSN40-20AO PSN40-20AC	
Sensing distance	5mm ±10%	10mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	20mm ±10%	
Hysteresis		Max. 10% of se	ensing distance		
Standard sensing target	25×25×1mm(Iron)	30×30×1mm(Iron)	45×45×1mm(Iron)	60×60×1mm(Iron)	
Setting distance	0 to 3.5mm	0 to 7mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 14mm	
Power supply (Operating voltage)			240VDC 264VC)		
Leakage current		Max.	2.5mA		
Response frequency(*1)		20	Hz		
Residual voltage		Max	. 10V		
Affection by Temp.	±10% Max.	for sensing distance at $20\mathrm{°C}$	within temperature range	of −25 to 70°C	
Control output	5 to 200mA				
Insulation resistance		Min. 50MΩ (at 5	00VDC megger)		
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute				
Vibration	1mm amplitud	de at frequency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y, Z directio	ns for 2 hours	
Shock		500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,	Z direction for 3 times		
Indicator		Output operation in	ndicator (Red LED)		
Ambient temperature		-25 to 70°C (at nor	n-freezing status)		
Storage temperature	-30 to 80°C (at non-freezing status)				
Ambient humidity	35 to 95%RH				
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit				
Protection	IP67 (IEC standard)				
Cable	φ 4×2P, 2m	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Approval		(	€		
Unit weight	Approx. 65g		x. 106g	Approx. 152g	

\*(\*1) The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

> (C) Door/Area sensor

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

> (J) Counter

(K) Timer

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

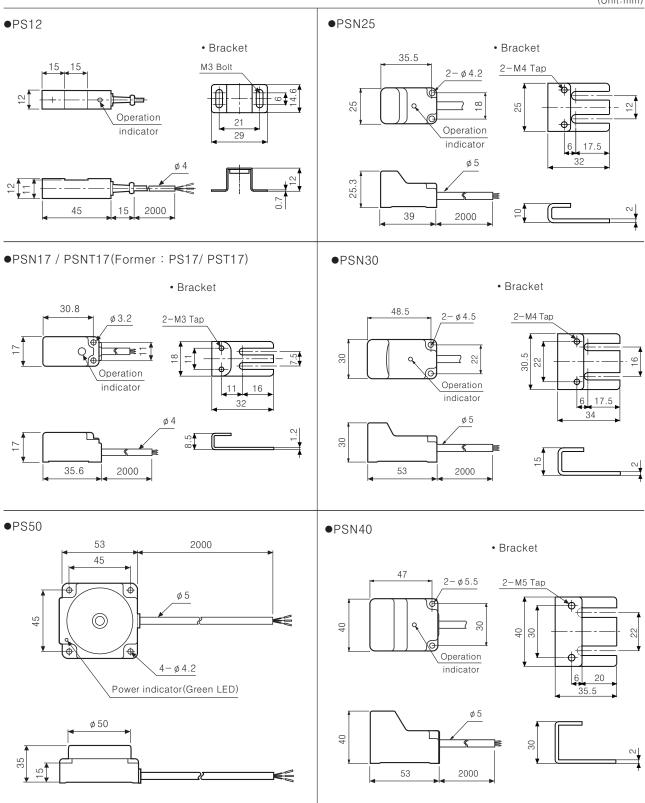
(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel (S) Field network

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# **PS/PSN Series**

■ Dimensions (Unit:mm)

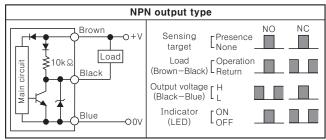


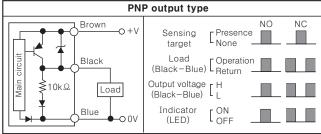
D-45 Autonics

# **Rectangular Type**

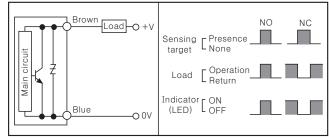
# **■**Control output diagram

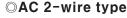
# ○DC 3-wire type

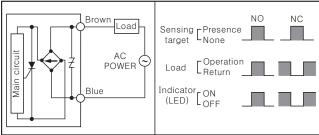




# ○DC 2-wire type

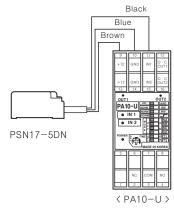


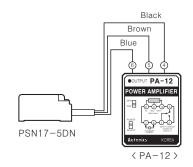




# Connections

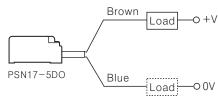
# **○DC 3-wire type**





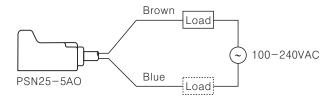
★There is NPN/PNP selection switch in PA-12.

### ODC 2-wire type



\*The load can be connected to either wire.

### OAC 2-wire type



\*The load can be connected to either wire.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

> (C) Door/Area sensor

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel

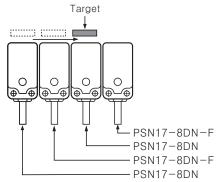
(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# **PS/PSN Series**

# ■ Proper usage

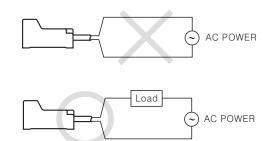
### ODifferential frequency



When installing several proximity sensor closely, it may cause malfunction due to mutual interference. Therefore, please use differential frequency for the application.

\*Differential frequency type is only for 17 square.

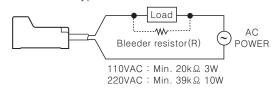
# OConnection of the power supply



When using DC 2-wire and AC 2-wire type, a load must be connected before applying power; otherwise, components can be damaged.

### OIn case of the load current is small

### ●AC 2-wire type



It may cause return failure of load by residual voltage.

If the load current is under 5mA, please make sure the residual voltage is less than the return voltage of the load by connecting a bleeder resistor in parallel with the load as shown in the diagram.

$$R = \frac{V_s}{I} (\Omega) \qquad P = \frac{V_s^2}{R} (W)$$

[ I:Action current of load, R:Bleeder resistance, P:Permissible power]



Please make the current on proximity sensor smaller than the return current of load by connecting a Bleeder resistor in parallel.

\*\*W value of Bleeder resistor should be bigger for proper heat dissipation.

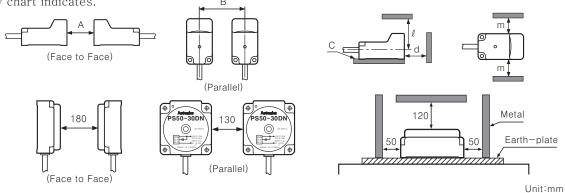
$$R = \frac{V_S}{Io-Ioff} (\Omega) \quad P = \frac{V_S^2}{R} (W)$$

Vs: Power supply, Io: Min. action current of proximity sensor Ioff: Return current of load, P: Number of Bleeder resistance watt

# OMutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.

B



	Model	PS12	PSI	N17	PSN25	PSI	V30	PSN40
Item		4mm	5mm	8mm	5mm	10mm	15mm	20mm
	Α	24	30	48	30	60	90	120
	В	24	36	40	40	50	85	70
	О	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	d	12	15	24	15	30	45	60
	l	18	24	33	25	30	45	45
	m	12	18	20	20	25	35	35

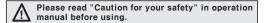
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PFI Series Flat Type

# Flat type proximity sensor

## **■**Features

- Easy to mount in narrow space by flat structure (Height: 10mm)
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated overload & short protection circuit, reverse polarity protection circuit (DC type)
- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC (DC type)
- •Red LED status indication
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)
- •Replaceable for micro switches and limit switches





# ■ Type

# **○DC 3-wire type**

Appearance	Model
	PFI25-8DN
	PFI25-8DP
	PFI25-8DN2 *
	PFI25-8DP2 *

▶"\* mark can be customized.

# OAC 2-wire type

Appearance	Model
	PFI25-8AO
	PFI25-8AC

# Specification

Model	PF125-8DN PF125-8DP PF125-8DN2 PF125-8DP2	PFI25-8AO PFI25-8AC		
Sensing distance	8mm :	±10%		
Hysteresis	Max. 10% of se	ensing distance		
Standard sensing target	25×25×1	mm(Iron)		
Setting distance	0 to 5	.6mm		
Power supply (Operating voltage)	12-24VDC (10-30VDC)	100-240VDC (85-264VAC)		
Current/Leakage consumption	Max. 10mA	Max. 2.5mA		
Response frequency(*1)	200Hz	20Hz		
Residual voltage	Max. 1.5V	Max. 10V		
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$			
Control output	Max. 200mA	Max. 150mA		
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ (at 5	OOVDC megger)		
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute	2500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute		
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55H	Iz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours		
Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,	Z direction for 3 times		
Indicator	Output operation in	ndicator (Red LED)		
Ambient temperature	-25 to 70℃ (at no	n-freezing status)		
Storage temperature	-30 to 80℃ (at non-freezing status)			
Ambient humidity	35 to 9	5%RH		
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit	Surge protection circuit		
Cable	φ4×3P, 2m	φ 4×2P, 2m		
Protection	IP67 (IEC			
Approval	C	€		
Unit weight	Appro	x. 80g		

<sup>\*(\*1)</sup> The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H)

Temp.

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)

Panel meter

Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter (N) Display

unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

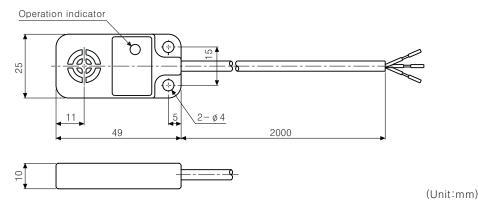
Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

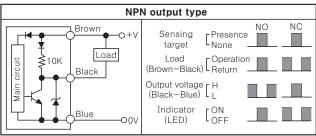
# **PFI Series**

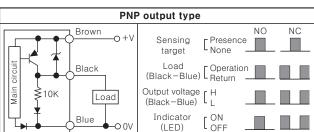
## Dimensions



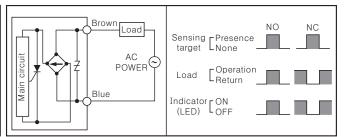
# ■Control output diagram

## ODC 3-wire type





## OAC 2-wire type

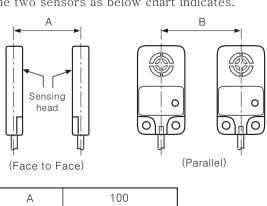


## Proper usage

В

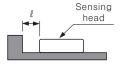
### @Mutual-interference

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.

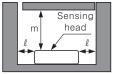


# OInfluence by surrounding metals

When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



When the height between the proximity sensor and surrounding metals is same.



When the height between the proximity sensor and surrounding metals is different.

l	5	
m	15	(Unit:mm)

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(Unit:mm)

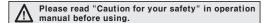
80

# **Long Sensing Distance Type**

# Long sensing distance type proximity sensor

## ■ Features

- •Sensing up to as 50mm
- •Improved the noise resistance with dedicated IC
- •Integrated surge protection circuit, reverse polarity protection circuit, overload & short protection circuit
- •Wide range of power supply: 12-48VDC (Voltage range: 10-65VDC)
- •Simultaneous output of Normal Open+Normal Close
- ●Built-in power indicator and operation indicator
- •Protection structure IP67 (IEC standard)







# ■ Type

○DC 4-wire long distance type

Appearance	Model
	AS80-50DN3
	AS80-50DP3

# ■Speicifcations

Model	AS80-50DN3	AS80-50DP3
Sensing type	NPN Normal Open + Normal Close	PNP Normal Open + Normal Close
Sensing distance	50mm	±10%
Hysteresis	Max. 10% of se	ensing distance
Standard sensing target	150×150×	1mm(Iron)
Setting distance	0 to 3	35mm
Power supply (Operating voltage)		8VDC 5VDC)
Current consumption	Max.	10mA
Response frequency(*1)	30	Hz
Residual voltage	Max.	1.8V
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\mathrm{C}$	within temperature range of −25 to 70°C
Control output	Max. 2	200mA
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ (at 5	500VDC megger)
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60	OHz for 1 minute
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55H	Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours
Shock	500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y,	, Z direction for 3 times
Indicator	Output operation in	ndicator (Red LED)
Ambient temperature	-25 to 70°C (at no.	n-freezing status)
Storage temperature	-30 to 80℃ (at no.	n-freezing status)
Ambient humidity	35 to 9	95%RH
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity protection	citon circuit, Overload & Short protection circuit
Cable	φ 5×4	4P, 2m
Protection	IP67 (IEC	standard)
Approval	C	€
Unit weight	Approx	x. 470g

**<sup>※(★1)</sup>** The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.



Photo electric sensor

(B) optic sensor

Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

Pressure sensor

encoder

Connector/ Socket

(H)

Temp.

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

(L)

meter Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle

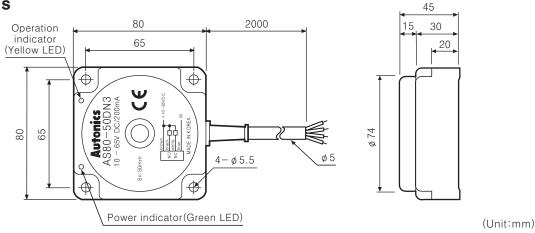
Graphic/ Logic (S)

Field network device

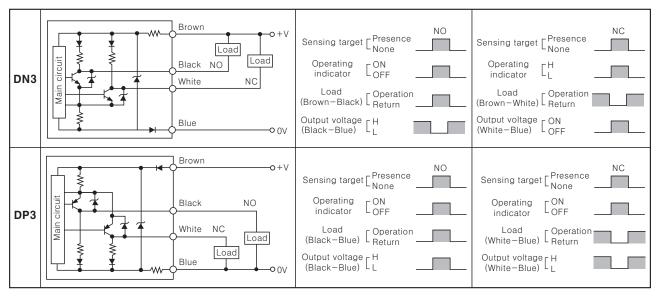
Production stoppage models & replacement

# **AS Series**

# Dimensions



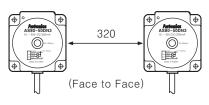
# ■Control output diagram

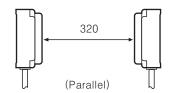


# Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

### @Mutual-interference

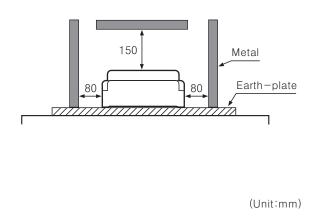
When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.





### OInfluence by surrounding metals

When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



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# **Electric Capacitive Type**

# Electric capacitive type proximity sensor

## **■**Features

- •Sensing of iron, metal, plastic, water, stone, wood etc.
- •Long life cycle and high reliability
- •Integrated surge protection circuit
- •Integrated reverse polarity protection circuit (DC type)
- Easy to adjust of the sensing distance with sensitivity
- •Red LED status indication
- •Easy to control of level and position

Please read "Caution for your safety" in operation manual before using.

# ■ Type

### ODC 3-wire type

	Appearances	Model
	8	CR18-8DN
M18		CR18-8DP
		CR18-8DN2 *
		CR30-15DN
M30		CR30-15DP
		CR30-15DN2 *

### ▶"\*" mark can be customized.

# OAC 2-wire type

	Appearances	Model
M10	118	CR18-8AO
IVIIO		CR18-8AC
		CR30-15AO
M30		CR30-15AC

# Specifications

Model	CR18-8DN CR18-8DP CR18-8DN2	CR30-15DN CR30-15DP CR30-15DN2	CR18-8AO CR18-8AC	CR30-15AO CR30-15AC
Sensing distance	8mm ±10%	15mm ±10%	8mm ±10%	15mm ±10%
Hysteresis		Max. 20% of s	ensing distance	
Standard sensing target		50×50×1	mm(Iron)	
Setting distance	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 10.5mm	0 to 5.6mm	0 to 10.5mm
Power supply (Operating voltage)	12-2 (10-3		100-2 (85-26	40VAC 64VAC)
Current consumption	Max.	15mA		
Leakage consumption			Max.	2.2mA
Response frequency(*1)	503	Hz	20	Hz
Residual voltage	Max.	1.5V	Max. 20V	
Affection by Temp.	$\pm 10\%$ Max. for sensing distance at $20\%$ within temperature range of $-25$ to $70\%$			of −25 to 70°C
Control output	Max. 2	00mA	Max. 5 to 200mA	
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ (at 500VDC megger)			
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1 minute			
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours		ions for 2 hours	
Shock		500m/s <sup>2</sup> (50G) in X, Y	, Z direction for 3 times	
Indicator		Output operation is	ndicator(Red LED)	
Ambient temperature		-25 to 70°C (at no	n-freezing status)	
Storage temperature		-30 to 80℃ (at no	n-freezing status)	
Ambient humidity		35 to 9	95%RH	
Protection circuit	Surge protection circuit, Reverse polarity proteciton circuit Overload & Short protection circuit		t protection circuit	
Protection	IP66 (IEC standard)	IP65 (IEC standard)	IP66 (IEC standard)	IP65 (IEC standard)
Cable	φ 4×3	3P, 2m	φ 4×2	2P, 2m
Unit weight	Approx. 72g	Approx. 212g	Approx. 63g	Approx. 220g

**<sup>☀(+1)</sup>** The response frequency is the average value. The standard sensing target is used and the width is set as 2 times of the standard sensing target, 1/2 of the sensing distance for the distance.

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber sensor

Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

Pressure sensor

Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

Temp.

(I) SSR/

Power controller

(J) Counter

(L)

(K)

Panel meter Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle

Graphic/ Logic panel

(S) Field network device

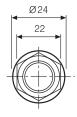
Production stoppage models & replacement

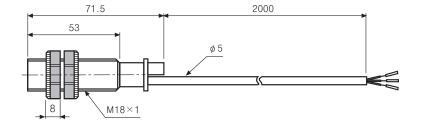
# **CR Series**

# Dimensions



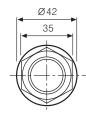
●CR18-8A □

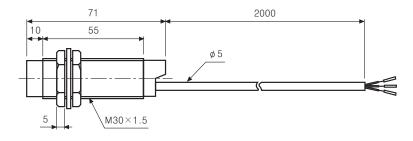




●CR30-15D□

●CR30-15A□

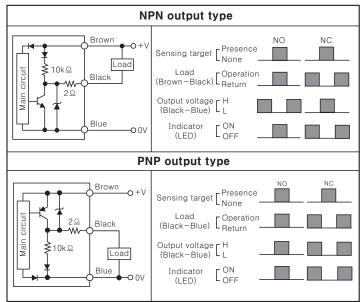




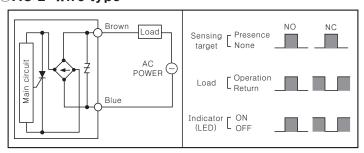
(Unit:mm)

# **■**Control output diagram

# **○DC 3-wire type**

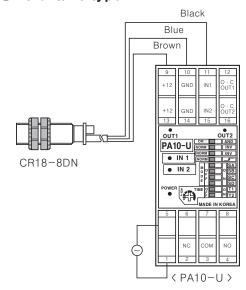


# OAC 2-wire type

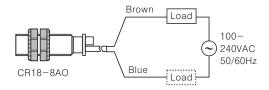


# **■**Connections

# ○DC 3-wire type



# **○AC 2-wire type**



 $\mbox{\em \%}$  The load can be connected to either wire.

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# **Electric Capacitive Type**

# ■Sensitivity adjustment

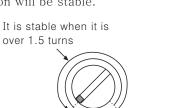
Please turn potention VR to set sensitivity as below procedure.

• Without a sensing object, turn the potention VR to the right and stop at the proximity sensor is ON(OFF).



ON position

3 If the difference of the number of potention VR rotation between the ON(OFF) point and the OFF(ON) point is more than 1.5 turns, the sensing operation will be stable.



OFF position

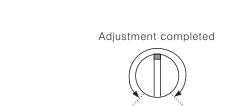
2 Put the object in right sensing position, turn the potention VR to the left and stop at the proximity sensor is OFF(ON).



4 If it is set in sensitivity adjustment position of potention VR at center between 1 and 2, sensitivity setting will be completed.

ON position

(OFF position)



OFF position

(ON position)

(ON position) (OFF position)

\*When there is distance fluctuation between proximity sensor and the target, please adjust 2 at the farthest

\*Turning potention VR toward clockwise, it will be max. and turning toward counter clockwise, it will be min. the number of adjustment should be 15±3 revolution and if it is turned to the right or left excessively, it will not stop, but it idles without breakdown.

**※**( ) is for Normal Close type.

distance from this unit.

# Grounding

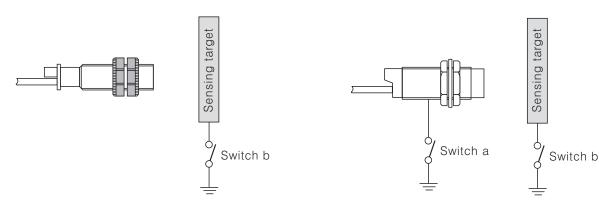
The sensing distance will be changed by grounding status of capacitive proximity sensor and the target  $[50 \times 10^{10}]$ . Please check the material when installing it on panel.

### ●CR18 Type

Ground condition (Switch b)	ON	OFF
Operating distance (mm)	8	4

### ●CR30 Type

Ground	Switch a	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
condition	Switch b	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Operating di	stance(mm)	15	18	6	6



(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

(D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

Timer (L) Panel

meter

M) Facho/ Speed/ Pulse

(N) Display

meter

(O) Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

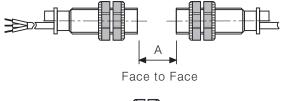
Graphic/ Logic panel

Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

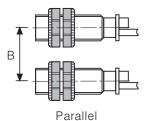
# ■Mutual-interference & Influence by surrounding metals

When several proximity sensors are mounted close to one another a malfunction of the sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance between the two sensors as below chart indicates.

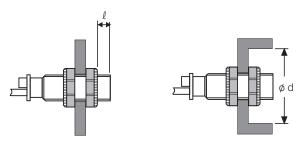




(Unit:mm)

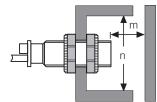


When sensors are mounted on metallic panel, you must prevent the sensors from being affected by any metallic object except target. Therefore, be sure to provide a minimum distance as below chart indicates.



Model Item	CR18	CR30
l	20	10
ø d	54	90
m	24	45
n	54	90

(Unit:mm)



## Materials

### Materials of sensing targets

Sensing distance may be different by electrical characteristic of sensing target(conductivity, non dielectric constant) and status of water absorption, size etc.

### ©Effect by high frequency electrical field

It may cause malfunction by machinery which generate high frequency of electrical field such as a washing machine etc.

### OSurrounding environment

There is water or oil on surface of sensing part, it may cause malfunction.

If the bottle for sensing of level is coated by oil etc., it may cause malfunction.

Especially, 15mm type has high sensitivity for induced objects, please be careful of waterdrops.

## ©0il

Do not let the oil or oil liquid is flowed into the sensor, the case is made by plastic.

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# **Transmission Coupler**

# **Transmission coupler**

# **■**Features

•Loop powered type

The signal is transmitted by magnetic coupling of coils.

•Superior with environmental resistance

Non-malfunction for oil or dust on transmission part

Applications

Drilling, Machine table, Robot arm, Conveyor belt and Various revolution axis.







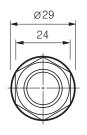
# Type

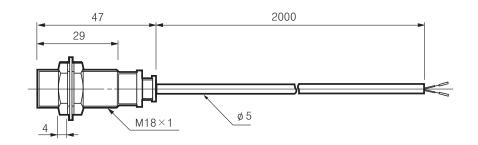
Appearances		Model
M18		PET18-5

# Specifications

Model	PET18-5	
Transmission distance	5mm ±10%	
Setting transmission distance	1 to 4.5mm	
Response time	Max. 1ms	
Ambient temperature	-25 to 70℃ (at non-freezing status)	
Ambient humidity	35 to 95%RH	
Insulation resistance	Min. 50MΩ(at 500VDC megger)	
Dielectric strength	1500VAC 50/60Hz for 1minute	
Vibration	1mm amplitude at frequency of 10 to 55Hz in each of X, Y, Z directions for 2 hours	
Shock	500m/s² (50G) in X, Y, Z direction for 3 times	
Protection	IP67 (IEC standard)	
Unit weight	Approx. 121g	
Applicable proximity sensor	PR18-5DN PRW18-5DN PRCM18-5DN PRWL18-5DN PRL18-5DN PRCML18-5DN PRT18-5DO PR18-5DP PRW18-5DP PRCM18-5DP PRWL18-5DP PRL18-5DP PRCML18-5DP PRT18-5DC PR18-5DN2 PRW18-5DN2 PRCM18-5DN2 PRWL18-5DN2 PRL18-5DN2 PRCML18-5DN2 PRCMT18-5DO PR18-5DP2 PRW18-5DP2 PRCM18-5DP2 PRWL18-5DP2 PRL18-5DP2 PRCML18-5DP2 PRCMT18-5DC	

## Dimensions





(Unit:mm)

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area sensor

Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

Temp

controller SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

(K) Timer

 $(\, \, \, \, | \, \, \, \, )$ Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

Display unit

Sensor controller

(P) Switching supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

(R) Graphic/ Logic panel

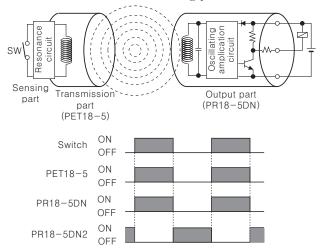
Field network device

stoppage models & replacement

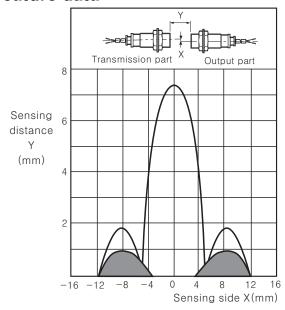
# ■Operation mechanism

It transmits ON/OFF signal with a magnetic coupling of coils.

The coil of transmission part and proximity sensor is coupled electronically, the induced current is generated at closed-loop of transmission part influenced by a magnetic field from proximity sensor coil when the switch of sensing part is ON.

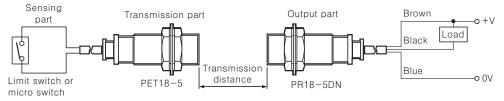


### ■ Feature data



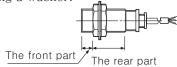
Please note the proximity sensor detects the surrounding cover of the sensing side of transmission coupler even the connection switch is OFF in sensing part.

## Connections



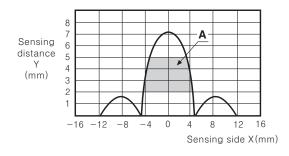
# ■Proper usage

- 1. Please use the device within the rated temperature range and do not use outdoors.
- 2. Please use the code tensile strength within the rated range.
- 3. Please do not share the connection of proximity code and power line.
- 4. Please do not tighten the nut with excessive power and use a washer for assembling.
  - ①The allowable tightening strength at the front and latter part is 150kgf cm.
  - ②The above allowable tightening strength is for using a washer.



- 5. Please shorten the wiring to avoid noise.
- 6. Please use the cable written on the specification of the product. If the other cable or a crooked cable is used, the waterproof cannot be maintained.
- 7. 0.3mm<sup>2</sup> or larger cable can be extended up to 5m.
- 8. When the transceiver is attached to the proximity sensor or close to the wires, it may cause a malfunction.

- 9. The contact switch in the sensing part should not have leakage current when it is OFF.
- 10. The contact resistance is under  $300m\Omega$ , open resistance is more than  $10M\Omega$  to satisfy the specification of contact switch. (Limit switch or micro switch)
- 11. The inductive proximity sensor used in output part may cause a malfunction, if metal particles attach to sensing area.
- 12. It is able to transmit signal through the plastic or mirror.
- 13. Please set sensing distance within part A of the below operation range for mounting at the rotator.



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# **Applications**

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber

optic sensor

Door/Area

(D) Proximity sensor

Pressure

Rotary encoder

Connector/ Socket

Temp.

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

Timer

(∟) Panel meter

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

Sensor controller (P) Switching

supply

(R) Graphic/

Production

stoppage models & replacement

Logic panel

(S) Field network device

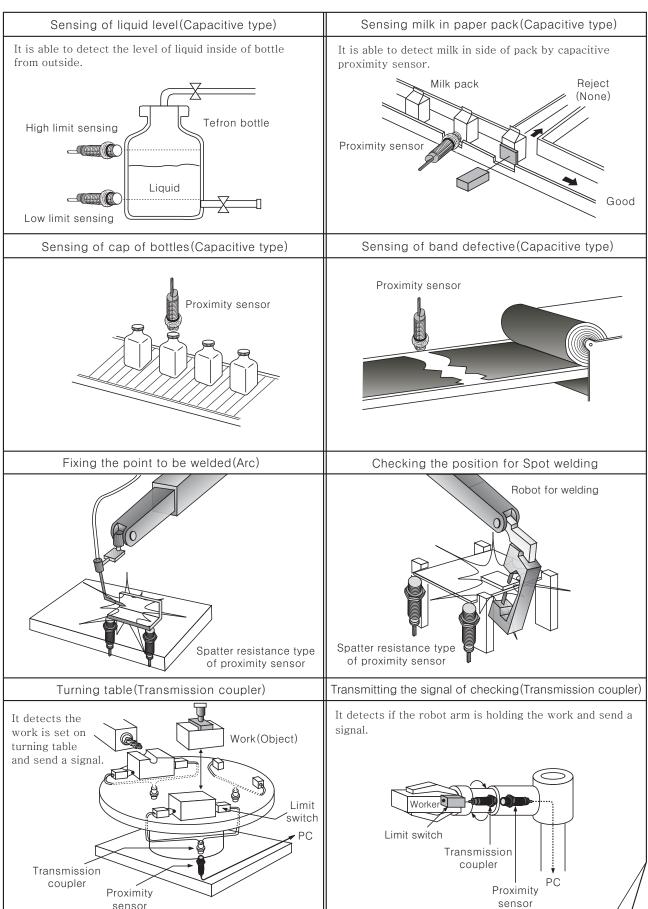
(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controlle

(F)

sensor

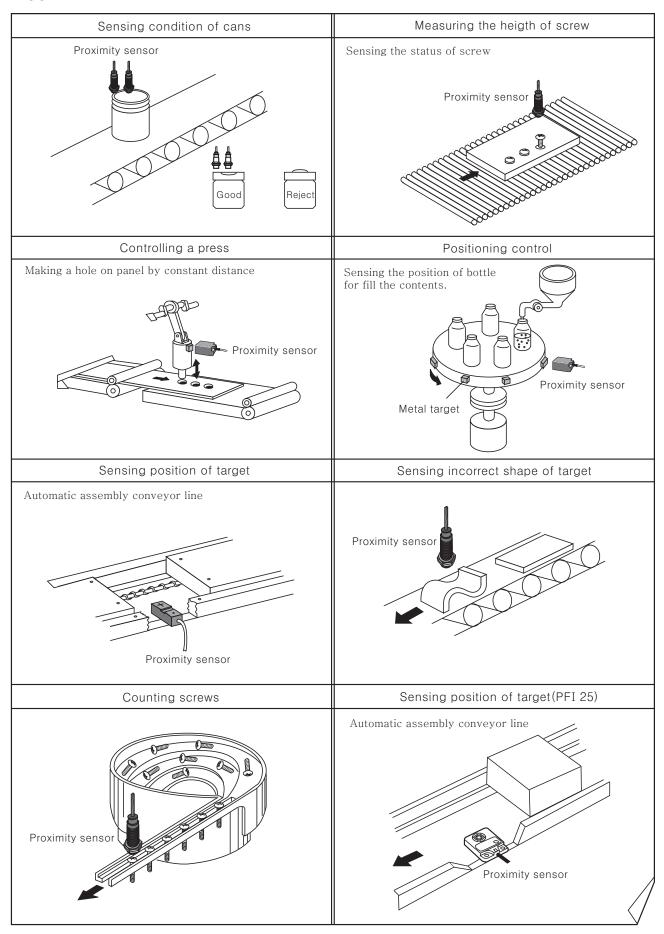
# Applications

sensor



# **Applications**

# Applications



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### Overview

Proximity sensor is the non contact detector (sensor) which detects the sensing target when it comes close, not same as the micro switch or the limit switch using the mechanical contact sensing method.

# Principle and feature

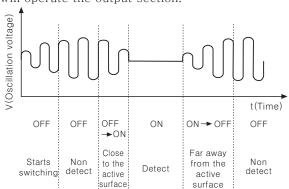
### OInductive proximity sensor

### Principle

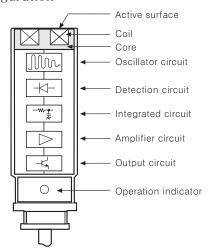
When the object (metallic) approaches the high-frequency magnetic field which is produced at the detection coil, induced currents flow in the metal, causing thermal loss and resulting in the reduction or stopping of oscillations. This change in state is detected by an oscillation state sensing circuit which then operates the output circuit.

### Principles of operation

When the proximity sensor is on, the oscillation of the current within 60ms will be increased to certain frequency, and electric field is formed. After that, if the object approaches, the induced current surrounding the sensing object will be increased, the oscillation of the current will be decreased. When the object is detected completely, the current will be close to 0V. This very little oscillation of the current will be amplified, and will operate the output section.



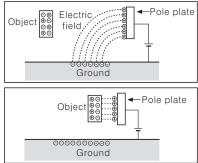
### Configuration



## OCapacitive proximity sensor

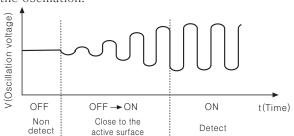
## Principle

As shown below picture, when + current applies on the pole plate, + charge will be on the pole plate, - charge will be on the ground, and the electric field will be occurred between the pole plate and the ground. When the object approaches to the pole plate, the charges in the object move by the electrostatic induction. - charge will move to the pole plate side, and + charge will move to the other side. This state is called polarization. The object is detected by the strength of the polarization which is strong when the object moves to the pole plate side, and is weak when the object moves far away from the pole plate.

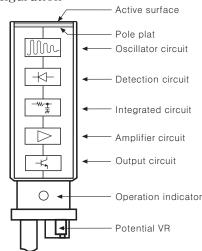


## •Principle of operation

Capacitive proximity sensor works contrary method to the inductive proximity sensor. When the sensor power is on, the oscillation of the current is close to 0V. When the object approaches to the sensor, the capacitance will be increased and the oscillation of the current is increased. This output section will be operated by increasing the oscillation.



Configuration



(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic

> (C) Door/Area

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

Timer (L)

Panel meter (M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller (R) Graphic/

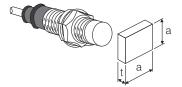
Logic panel (S) Field network

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# Glossary

### OStandard sensing target

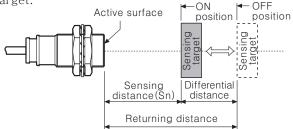
It is the standard of shape, size, and material for each model to measure the standard performance.



- t: Thickness of the Target(mm)
- a: the length of the one side of the Target(mm)

## OSensing distance(Sn)

It is the distance between the active surface and the surface of the sensing target, when the output works by approaching the sensing target to the active surface. The specification of sensing distance (Sn) for each series is measured by standard sensing target.

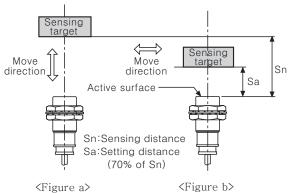


# ODifferential distance (Hysteresis)

The hysteresis is the difference between the operation distance, when the sensor first operates with the standard sensing target approaching from the active surface direction, and the returning distance, when the sensor first stops operating with the standard sensing target receding. This hysteresis prevents chattering of the output due to vibration, etc., of the sensing target.

## OSetting distance

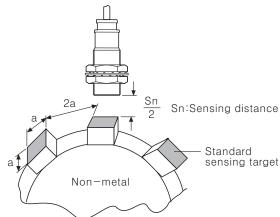
It is the sensing range for which the sensor can stably detect the standard sensing target even if there is an ambient temperature drift and/or supply voltage fluctuation. Normally, it is 70% of the maximum operation distance.



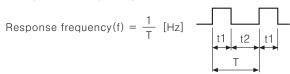
•After verify the sensing distance like <Figure a>, please move the target within the stable sensing range like <Figure b>.

### ©Response frequency

The number of times per second at which sensing can be done without malfunction, when approach the standard sensing target to the sensor. It shows Hz.



Response frequency measurement method >



### ORelative dielectric constant

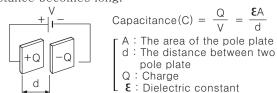
It is the ratio of between the dielectric constant of the material ( $\boldsymbol{\xi}$ ) and the dielectric constant of vacuum ( $\boldsymbol{\xi}_0$ ).  $\boldsymbol{\xi}_S = \frac{\boldsymbol{\xi}}{2}$ 

As the relative dielectric constant is big, the sensing distance is long. And each material has its own value of the relative dielectric constant. The value of the relative dielectric constant for solid is bigger than liquid. There are the relative dielectric constants for typical materials.

Air	1	Polystyrene —	1.2
Paper ——	2.3	PVC ———	3
Wood	6 to 8	Glass ———	5
Alcohol —	25.8	Water —	80

### Capacitance

It is the amount of the accumulated charge (Q), when apply voltage at the insulated conductors. As the accumulated charge (Q) is big, the sensing distance becomes long.



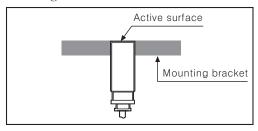
As shown above formula, the capacitance (C) will be increased as the amount of charge (Q) is increased. There are the methods to increase the capacitance, increase the area of the pole plate, use the material that the relative dielectric constant is big or narrow the distance between two pole plates.

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### **■**Mount sensor

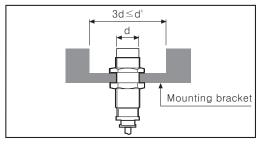
### OFlush type mounting (Shield type)

The most area of the proximity sensor is surrounded by metal except the active surface to prevent the effect of the approaching metal from side. Even though the sensing distance is shorter than nonflush type, the active surface of the sensor can be mounted at the same level of the metal enclosure like below figure.



## ○Non-flush type mounting (Non shield type)

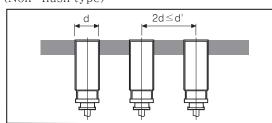
The sensor is affected easily by approaching metal from side because the side of the active surface was not shield by metal. The sensing distance is longer than the flush type, but when mount the sensor, please mount on the concave side, and keep the distance three times longer than the diameter of the sensor like below figure.



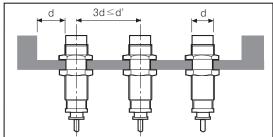
### OParallel mounting

When several proximity sensors are mounted close together, there is the effect of mutual interference. Therefore please keep the distance which is two times longer than the diameter of the sensor for flush type, and three times longer than the diameter of the sensor for the non-flush type.

(Non-flush type)

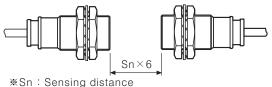


(Flush type)



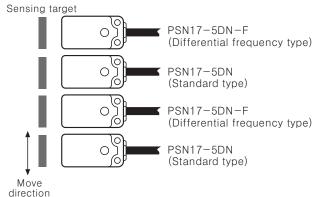
### OFace to face mounting

When proximity sensors are mounted in face to face, malfunction of sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, please keep the distance which is six times longer than the sensing distance.



### **OTightly** mounting

When proximity sensors are mounted tightly, malfunction of sensor may be caused due to mutual interference. Therefore, please use differential frequency for the application like below picture. Differential frequency type is only for PSN17 series.

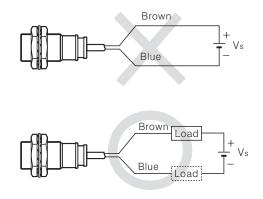


# **■**Connection for DC type

### ODC 2-wire type

### •Load connection

If DC 2-wire type is connected without load, the inner device of DC 2-wire type can get damage. Please connect the load before apply power. The load can be connected any power line.



(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic sensor

(C) Door/Area

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

> (J) Counter

Timer (L)

meter

(K)

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

(Q) Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel

Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# ●To connect DC 2-wire type sensor with PLC(Programmable Logic Controller)

DC 2—wire type of proximity sensor can be connected with PLC when input specification of PLC and proximity sensor specification comply with the conditions shown below.

1) When ON voltage of PLC and residual voltage of sensor meet following formula.

 $Von \leq V_S - V_R$ 

2) When OFF voltage of PLC and a leakage current of sensor meet following formula.

 $Ioff \ge I_L$ 

3) When ON current of PLC and control output current of sensor meet following formula.

 $Iout(min) \leq Ion$ 

— [Note]

Von: ON voltage of PLC Vs: Source voltage

VR : Residual voltage of proximity sensor

Ioff: OFF current of PLC

IL : A leakage current of proximity sensor Iout(min): The min. value of proximity sensor's control output

Ion: ON current of PLC

Ex) PLC input specification TON voltage: over 15VDC

ON current: over 4.3mA OFF current: under 1.5mA

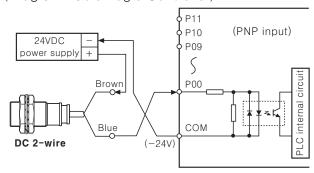
Proximity sensor → PRT18-5DO, source voltage is 24VDC

1)  $Von(15V) \le V_S(24V) - V_R(3.5V) = 20.5V : OK$ 

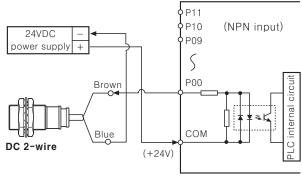
2)  $Ioff(1.5mA) \ge I_L(0.6mA) : OK$ 

3)  $Iout(min) (2mA) \leq Ion(4.3mA) : OK$ 

## Connect DC 2—wire type sensor with PLC (Programmable Logic Controller)



⟨ PLC's Common terminal is "-24V" >



< PLC's Common terminal is "+24V" >

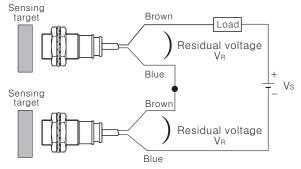
### •AND(series) connection

When it is connected in series, all proximity sensors have to be in working to make loads operated. The residual voltage which is related with the number of the sensor should not influence both operating voltage of proximity sensors and driving voltage of a load, and which condition should be considered to choose how many sensors to be connected in series.

To connect sensors in series, choose the number of proximity sensors within the amount that meets formula below.

 $V_S - (n \times V_R) \ge Operating volatage of load.$ 

Vs : Source voltage VR : Residual voltage n : The number of connected sensors



### OR(parallel) connection

When it is connected in parallel, it works even only one sensor is on operation. A little current flows as a leakage current because proximity sensor operates internal circuit even when it is OFF. Because a number of sensors connected in parallel increase the amount of leakage current, load could run when proximity sensor is in OFF status.

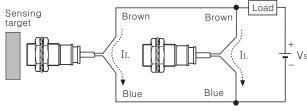
Thus, the leakage current which is related with the number of the sensor should not influence the returning current of load, and which condition should be considered to choose how many sensors to be connected in parallel.

To connect several sensors in parallel, choose the number of proximity sensors within the amount that meets the formula below.

 $n \times IL \le The returning current of load$ 

[ n : The number of connected sensors

IL: The leakage current of sensor ]



Ex) When load is relay (24VDC), and connecting PRT18-5DO in parallel,

- The returning current of load: Max. 3.7mA
- The leakage current of PRT18-5DO
- : Max. 0.6mA

Six sensors can be connected in parallel in Max.

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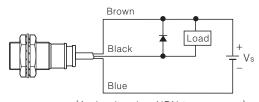
## ODC 3-wire type

### Load connection

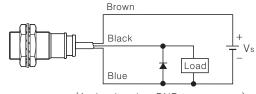
In DC 3-wire type of proximity sensor, there are two types of output, NPN and PNP, and they can either open or close power relay, solenoid, electric counter, PLC, etc.

\*In case of using inductive load(relay, motor, magnet, etc.), connect surge absorber diode in parallel with load.

(Use diode, of which withstand voltage is threefold over power supply.)



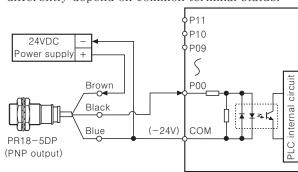
(A circuit using NPN type sensor)



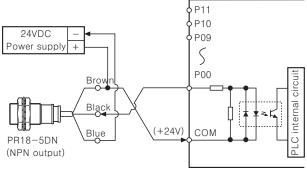
(A circuit using PNP type sensor)

# Connection with PLC(Programmable Logic Controller)

When connecting DC 3-wire type of proximity sensor with PLC, applicable sensor is chosen differently depend on common terminal status.



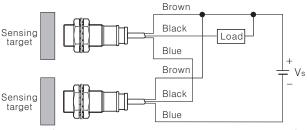
< PLC's Common terminal is "-24V" >



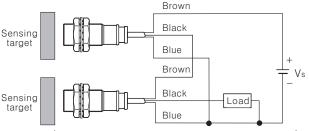
< PLC's Common terminal is "+24V" >

### AND(series) connection

When it is connected in series, all proximity sensors have to be in working to make loads operated. The residual voltage which is related with the number of the sensor should not influence both operating voltage of proximity sensors and driving voltage of a load, and which condition should be considered to choose how many sensors to be connected in series. PNP output type sensor and NPN output type sensor cannot be used in a same circuit.



(Series connection of NPN output type sensors)

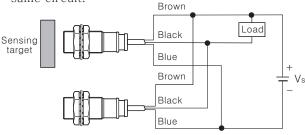


(Series connection of PNP output type sensors)

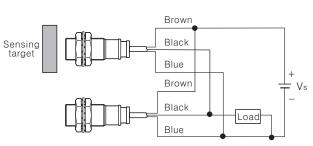
### OR(parallel) connection

When it is connected in parallel, it works even one sensor is on operation.

The leakage current which is related with the number of the sensor should not influence the returning current of load, and which condition should be considered to choose how many sensors to be connected in parallel. PNP output type sensor and NPN output type sensor cannot be used in a same circuit.



(Parallel connection of NPN output type sensors)



(Parallel connection of PNP output type sensors)

(A) Photo electric sensor

(B) Fiber optic

(C) Door/Area

### (D) Proximity sensor

(E) Pressure sensor

(F) Rotary encoder

(G) Connector/ Socket

(H) Temp. controller

(I) SSR/ Power controller

(J) Counter

Timer

(K)

(M) Tacho/ Speed/ Pulse meter

(N) Display unit

(O) Sensor controller

(P) Switching power supply

Stepping motor & Driver & Controller

Graphic/ Logic panel

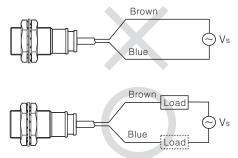
(S) Field network device

(T) Production stoppage models & replacement

# How to connect AC type proximity sensor

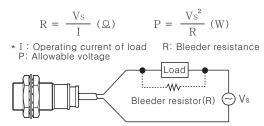
### OLoad connection

When using AC 2-wire type sensor, load have to be wired in circuit, otherwise internal element gets burn when power is supplied. Load could be connected any side of power wire.



•When operating current of load is not enough When operating current of load is under 5mA, use bleeder resistance so that current flowing through load can be increased to over 5mA.

Use the formula below to calculate the value of bleeder resistance and allowable current.

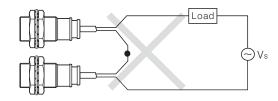


Use load of over  $20k\Omega$  3W for 110VAC power, over  $39k\Omega$  10W for 220VAC.

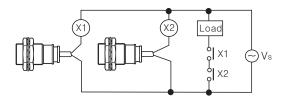
\*When having thermogenetic problem, use load that has larger value of watt.

## OAND(series) connection

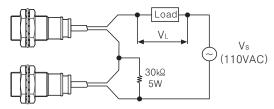
In principle AC type of proximity sensor cannot be used in series connection. To use it in series connection, put relay or bleeder resistance in circuit.



(Figure 1) The wrong way of series connection



(Figure 2) The right way of series connection



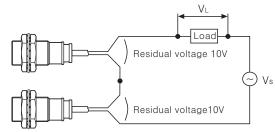
(Figure 3) Bleeder resistance connection method

\*\*Bleeder resistance is not needed when power voltage is 220VAC.

### •Load power voltage check

When connecting in series, operating voltage, VL, is calculated as subtraction of power source voltage and residual voltage of proximity sensor. Thus, it would follow a formula; VL=power source voltage-(residual voltage of proximity sensor× the number of sensor)

Ex)  $V_S = 110VAC$ , operating voltage of load  $V_L = 110 - (10 \times 2) = 90V$ , so load that works with 90VAC must be used.

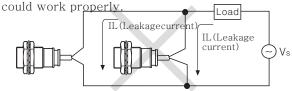


### OR(parallel) connection

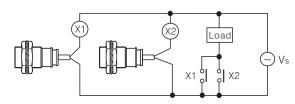
More than two sensors cannot be connected in a same circuit to operate load. Even though parallel connection is possible when those sensors are not being operated at a same time, because leaking current is increased by n times, returning faulty of load can occur.

(n: the number of connected sensors)

Thus, put relay to connect in parallel so that load



(Figure 4) The wrong way of series connection



(Figure 5) The right way of series connection

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